The Globe.

WILLIAM LEWIS, Editor and Proprietor. —PERSEVERE.— TERMS, $2,00 a year in advance.

VOL. XXI. HUNTINGDON, PA., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 27, 1866. NO. 52.

TERMS OF THE GLOBE.

Per annum in advance.....$2 00
Six months.....1 00
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TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

	1 insertion.	2 do.	3 do.
One square, (10 lines,) or less.	$ 75	$1 25	$1 50
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Professional and Business Cards not exceeding six lines, One year,.....$5 00
Administrators' and Executors' Notices,.....$2 50
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☞Ten lines of nonpareil make a square. About eight words constitute a line, so that any person can easily calculate a square in manuscript.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to these terms.

Our prices for the printing of Blanks, Handbills, etc. are also increased.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

DR. A. B. LIGHT, Graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, having located at Warriorsmark, offers his professional services to the people of the town and vicinity. He will receive night calls at Chamberlin's Hotel. May 16, 1866-3m.

DR. A. B. BRUMBAUGH, Having permanently located at Huntingdon, offers his professional services to the community. Office, the same as that lately occupied by Dr. Luden, on Hill street. ap19,1866

DR. D. P. MILLER, Office in room lately occupied by J. Simpson Africa, offers his service to citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. no1-6ms

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Reed's Drug Store. Aug. 23, '65.

BOYER & GARNER, Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, &c., Marklesburg station.

ANDREW JOHNSTON, agent for the Niagara Insurance Company, Huntingdon.

GEO. SHAEFFER, dealer in Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c., Huntingdon.

M'CAHAN & SON, proprietors of Juniata Steam Pearl Mill, Huntingdon.

G. B. BRUMBAUGH & CO., dealers in fancy and staple goods, Marklesburg

WM. LEWIS & CO, Family Groceries, Provision and Feed Store, Hunt., Pa.

WM. MARCH & BRO. Dealers in Dry Goods, Queensware, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, &c.

WM. LONG, Dealer in Candies, Nuts, Family Groceries, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON, Merchants, Huntingdon, Pa.

WHARTON & MAGUIRE, Wholesale and retail dealers in foreign and domestic Hardware, Cutlery, &c., Railroad street, Huntingdon.

CHAS. H. ANDERSON, Dealer in all kinds of Lumber, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

JAMES A. BROWN, Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

H. ROMAN, Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps,

D. P. GWIN, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c. Huntingdon.

S. E. HENRY & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon.

WM. AFRICA, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, in the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

JOHN H. WESTBROOK, Dealer in Boots, Shoes, Hosiery, Confectionery, Huntingdon.

Z. YENTER, Dealer in Groceries and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon, Pa.

DONNELL & KLINE, PHOTOGRAPHERS, Huntingdon, Pa.

THOMAS G. STRICKLER & SON, Manufacturers of Brougher's patent Broom Head or Wrapper, Huntingdon.

J. M. GREENE & F. O. BEAVER, Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturers.

M. GUTMAN & CO., Dealers in Ready made Clothing, Huntingdon, Pa.

B. M. GREENE, Dealer in Music, musical Instruments, Sewing Machines, Huntingdon.

S. SHOEMAKER, Agent for the Magic Star Liniment, Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. LEWIS, Dealer in Books, Stationery and Musical Instruments, Huntingdon, Pa.

R. ALLISON MILLER, DENTIST,

Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House. April 13, 1859.

J. E. GREENE, DENTIST.

Office removed to opposite the Franklin House in the old bank building, Mill street, Huntingdon. April 10, 1866.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

THE subscribers having leased this Hotel, lately occupied by Mr. McNulty, are prepared to accommodate strangers, travelers, and citizens in good style. Every effort shall be made on our part to make all who stop with us feel at home. J. J. & J. D. FEE, may2,1866 Proprietors.

MORRISON HOUSE, Huntingdon, Pa.

I HAVE purchased and entirely renovated the large stone and brick building opposite the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, and have now opened it for the accommodation of the traveling public. The Carpets, Furniture, Beds and Bedding are all entirely new and first class, and I am safe in saying that I can offer accommodations not excelled in Central Pennsylvania.

☞I refer to my patrons who have formerly known me while in charge of the Broad Top City Hotel and Jackson House. JOSEPH MORRISON. May 16, 1866-tf.

K. ALLEN LOVELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.

OFFICE—In the brick row, opposite the Court House. may3,1866

J. W. MATTERN. WILLIAM A. SIPE.

MATTERN & SIPE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, AND LICENSED CLAIM AGENTS, HUNTINGDON, PA.

Office on Hill street.

Soldiers Claims against the Government for Back Pay Bounty, Widows' and Invalids' Pensions attended to with great care and promptness. my29-1y

AGENCY, FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY AND PENSIONS.

ALL who may have any claims against the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions, can have their claims promptly collected by applying either in person or by letter to

W. H. WOODS, Attorney at Law, Huntingdon, Pa.

August 12, 1863.

JOHN SCOTT, SAMUEL T. BROWN, JOHN M. BAILEY

The name of this firm has been changed from SCOTT & BROWN, to SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY, under which name they will hereafter conduct their practice as ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.

PENSIONS, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government, will be promptly prosecuted. May 17, 1865-tf.

A. W. BENEDICT. J. SEWELL STEWART. P. M. LYTLE.

THE firm of Benedict & Stewart has been changed to BENEDICT, STEWART & LYTLE, under which name they will hereafter practice as ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.

They will also give careful attention to the collection of military and other Claims against the State or Government.

Office formerly occupied by J. Sewell Stewart, adjoining the Court House. feb3,1866

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

ANGRY WORDS.

Angry words are lightly spoken,
In a rash and thoughtless hour,
Brightest links of life are broken
By their deep, insidious power.
Hearts inspired by warmest feeling,
No'er before by anger stirred,
Oft are rent past human healing,
By a single angry word.

Poison-drops of care and sorrow,
Bitter poison drops are they;
Weaving for the coming morrow
Saddest memories of to-day.
Angry words—oh, let them never
From the tongue unbridled slip;
May the heart's best impulse ever
Check them ere they soil the lip.

Love is much too pure and holy,
Friendship is too sacred far,
For a moment's reckless folly
Thus to desolate and mar.
Angry words are lightly spoken;
Bitterest thoughts are rashly stirred;
Brightest links of life are broken
By a single angry word.

HOW MR. KEITH MANAGED.

"Man's work is from sun to sun, but woman's work is never done," quoted Mrs. Keith.

She had just finished her work for the evening, and was taking up her sewing, when Mr Keith upset a vinegar bottle and a bowl of gavy, in the kitchen cupboard, rummaging after a knife which was in his pocket all the time.

Mrs. Keith relinquished her idea of a little season of quiet, and went out to set matters in order again. Mr. K. followed to oversee her—a habit some men have.

"I wish you would try to be a little more careful, Henry. You do not realize how many things I have to see to."

"Humph," said Mr. Keith, sitting down in a basket of freshly ironed clothes. "I never would complain of such a trifle as that! If I didn't know I should think all the women were in slavery."

"And you would be correct, Henry. You have not the faintest idea—"

"Nonsense. Mary! Why I could do your work and three times as much more, and get all through at ten o'clock."

"Could, you indeed?"

"To be sure, if you would give me the chance of it."

"You shall have it," said Mrs. Keith quietly. "I have long wanted to visit my Aunt Susan. I will do so now, and you may keep house. I shall have to cook up something—"

"As if I could'nt cook! You will do nothing of the kind, Mary. I shall live like a prince, and you will see how nice I will keep everything. You will hardly know the house when you return."

"I dare say, remarked Mrs. Keith, "but when can I go?"

"To-morrow, if you like."

"And you are quite sure you can manage?"

"Sure!" what a look he gave her; "you shall see."

"Mrs. Keith laughed a little to herself, when her husband left her at the depot, and turned his steps homeward, to clear the breakfast things and prepare for dinner. She only wished she could be there invisible, and see him manage.

"Let me see," soliquized Keith, entering the kitchen. "I'll wash the dishes first, and I'll put on one of Mary's dresses to keep me clean."

He fastened it round his waist with a pin, rolled up his sleeves, and looked about him. The fire was out, but after much trouble he succeeded in rekindling it, and then began to wash the dishes.

He took them to the sink, plugged up the spout, and then put them to soak in a pail of cold water.

"There, they're washed," said he to himself; "now for something to wipe them on. I'll take the table-cloth.—Such a fuss as women do make about work. Why, I could wash all the dishes in the neighborhood in half a day. This stew pan smells of grease. I wonder what's the matter with it? There, I've got some smut on my hand! There it goes on that china saucer! Deuce take it! I wish there was no smut. Hello! there's one plate gone to smash! Oh, there goes the cream pitcher. And I've stepped into the potato dish that I set on the floor to dry, and that's gone to shades. Never mind—accidents will happen. I guess I'll trim the lamp next; mother always trimmed the lamp in the morning. Confound them! how black the chimneys are!"

Thus conversing with himself, Mr. Keith put the chimneys into the basin and cogitated a moment. He had heard that boiling water was cleansing, so he scalded the chimneys, and the result was about a hundred different pieces to each chimney.

"Good gracious!" he cried, "who'd have thought it? There's sombody at the door. I'll just step out as I am. It can't be anybody that I care for so early as this."

A small boy presented himself, eyeing Mr. Keith with ill-suppressed mirth.

"Be you mistress of the house?"

"Yes—that is, I am the master," said Keith with dignity, "what can I do for you?"

"Nothing, I guess. Marm sent me over to see if you—that is, the mistress of the house, would take care of the baby while she goes out shopping?"

"No!" thundered Keith, "Ive other fish to fry."

The boy put his thumb to his nose, and Mr. Keith, after slamming the door—as men always do when they are out of temper—returned to the kitchen. The fire was out, and the room decidedly smoky.

"I'll go down in the cellar and bring up some coal," said he, and started briskly down the stairs. On the second step he put his foot through a rip in his dress skirt, stumbled and fell to the bottom of the cellar, smashed a basket of eggs and knocked over a shelf loaded with pans of milk.

"Deuce take it!" exclaimed he, scrambling to his feet, and rubbing his head, "how do the women manage with these infernal long dresses? I shall break my neck with this yet."

The fire made again, Mr. Keith bethought him of dinner. He looked at his time piece—it was one o'clock—almost time for callers. What should he have for dinner? He had heard his wife say rice pudding and boiled potatoes and broiled steak.

He filled the basin with rice, stirred in a little sugar, dropped in an egg, and set the vessel into an oven. The potatoes he washed in soapsuds, that they certainly might be clean, and put them into the teakettle because they would boil quicker.

The steam was frizzing in the frying pan, and he was preparing to set the table when the bell rang.

He caught up the pan from the fire, to keep it from burning, and made haste to the front door. Then he remembered it would not be just the thing to go to the door with the frying pan in his hand, so he deposited it on the parlor sofa and answered the ring.

Mrs. Dr. Mudge was on the steps dressed in all her best.

"Is Mrs. Keith at home?"

"My wife is absent," stammered Keith, "and I am playing Bridget.—Walk in."

Mrs. Mudge sailed into the parlor, which was darkened to exclude the sun, and without stopping to look at her seat, sunk into the frying-pan on the sofa.

"Jupiter!" cried Mr. Keith, "you have done it now!"

Mrs. Mudge sprang up, the grease dripping from the rich silk on the carpet. Her face grew dark. She was tempted to say something cutting, but managed to control herself, bowed haughtily, and swept out of the house.

Keith returned to the kitchen a little crest-fallen, for Mrs. Mudge was a lady before whom he desired to appear particularly well.

There was a tremendous cracking in the oven. He thought of his pudding and looked in. The burnt rice had hopped all over the oven, the basin had melted apart, and the pudding was not done. He shut the door upon the ruins in disgust, and looked after his potatoes only to find them boiled to a perfect jelly.

Just as he made the discovery, there was a sharp peal at the door bell.

"Creation! there's that abominable bell again. I wish folks would stay at home. After to-day, I'll lock all the doors and cut all the bell wires."

At the door he found Mr. and Mrs. Fidget and their children.

"My dear Mr. Keith, how do you do," cried Mrs. Fidget. "We were in town, and thought we'd just step into dinner. Where is Mrs. Keith?"

"She's gone away," said Keith ruefully, wondering what he should feed them on—"walk in do. I am housekeeper to-day."

"Yes, so I should judge. But of course you make a splendid one. I remember you used to be frequently telling Mrs. Keith and myself how very easy housekeeping must be. It must be mere play to you. Don't put yourself out, I beg."

"Put myself out, indeed!" cried Keith, retreating to the kitchen.—"Good gracious! what shall I do? I'd give a hundred dollars if only Mary was here! where shall I begin?"

He drew out the table and set it without any cloth; then he took off the plates and put on a cloth, the very one he had wiped the dishes on. The task completed, he put on some more potatoes and some more steak, burned his steak to a cinder, took off his potatoes when he did his meat, and put all upon the table. There was a loaf of baker's bread in the cupbobrd—he paraded that, and called his guests to dinner.

A quizzical smile spread over Mrs. Fidget's face at the sight of the repast. Keith was in cold perspiration.

"Ma, my plate's all greasy, and so is my knife. I can't eat on dirty dishes," cried little Johnny Fidget.

"And my fork is wet all over with water that's dropping off the table cloth; and my tater ain't half biled," exclaimed little Jane Fidget.

A slight noise in the kitchen drew the attention of Mr. Keith.

"Jupiter!" he cried, "if Mrs. O'Flaherty's dog ain't making off with my steak!"

He jumped from the table and started in hot pursuit. The dog made the best of it; Keith's unaccustomed attire was a sad drawback, and he made but little headway.

"Kill him he yelled to the crowd that joined in the pursuit, I'll give fifteen dollars for his hide!"

Mrs. O'Flaherty herself appeared upon the scene with a skillet of hot water.

"Tech him if yer dare!" she cried. "I'll break the bones of every mother's son of yees. Stand from forninst, or ye'll rue the day!"

Keith took a step forward, stepped on the skirt of his dress, and pitched head first into a wine cellar, where half a dozen men were playing cards.

"The devil in petticoats!" exclaimed one of the gamesters, and the place emptied quicker than a wink.

The police picked up Mr. Keith, considerably bruised, and carried him home. His company had taken their departure, and somebody not having the fear of the law upon them, had entered and stolen a hundred dollars worth of property.

Mr. Keith sent the following note to his wife by the evening mail:

DEAR MARY—Come home; I give up beat. A woman does have a great deal to do. I confess myself incompetent to manage. Come home, and you shall have a new silk dress, and a daughter of Erin to divide your labors.

Yours, disconsolately,
H. KEITH.

Sponge Divers.

The mode of operation preparatory to a dive is very peculiar and interesting. The diver whose turn it is takes his seat on the deck of a vessel, at either the bow or stern, and, placing by his side a large flat slab of marble, weighing about twenty-five pounds, to which is attached a rope of the proper length and thickness (one inch and a half,) he then strips, and is left by his companions to prepare himself. This seems to consist in devoting a certain time to clearing the passages of his lungs by expectoration, and highly inflating them afterwards—thus oxydizing his blood very highly by a repetition of deep inspirations. The operation lasts from five to ten minutes, or more, according to the depth; and during it the operator is never interfered with by his companions, and seldom speaks or is spoken to. He is simply watched by two of them, but at a little distance, and they never venture to urge him or to distract him in any way during the process. It seems to the spectators as if the divers were going through a sort of mysterious ceremony of incantation.

When, from some sensation known only to himself after these repeated, long-drawn and heavy inspirations, he deems the fitting moment to have arrived, he seizes the slab of marble, and after crossing himself and uttering a prayer, plunges with it like a returning dolphin, into the sea and rapidly descends. The stone is always held during the descent directly in front of the head, at arm's length, and so as to offer as little resistance as possible, and by varying its inclination it acts likewise as a rudder, causing the descent to be more or less vertical, as desired by the diver. As soon as he reaches the bottom he places the stone under his arm to keep himself down, and then walks about on the rock or crawls under its ledges, stuffing the sponges into a netted bag with a hooped mouth, which is strung around his neck to receive them; but he holds firmly to the stone or rope all the while as his safeguard for returning and making known the signal at the time he desires it.

Now let us notice the proceedings of his companions in the boat floating some 20 or 30 fathoms above him. The two men who were nearest to him previously to his making the dive, but who systematically seem to place themselves so as to prevent him from conceiving the idea of being impatiently watched by them while undergoing the preparation, spring to their feet as soon as he disappears and rush to the rope, which one of them holds in his hand, veering it out or shortening it in, as the diver moves about on the bottom, and as soon as the signal indicative of his wish to return is felt, they commence hauling up the rope with great energy and earnestness, and in a way calculated to insure the greatest expedition of ascent, since the overstay of a few seconds may be a point of life or death to the diver.

The hauling up is thus effected:—The assistant who has hold of the rope, awaiting the signal, first reaches down with both hands as far as he can, and there grasping the rope, with a great bodily effort, raises it up nearly arm's length over his head; the second assistant to make his grasp as low down as he can reach, and does the same, and so on, the two alternately, and by a fathom or more at a time, and with great rapidity brings the anxious diver to the surface. A heavy blow from from his nostrils, to expel the water and exhausted air, indicates to his comrades that he is conscious and breathes. A word or two is spoken by one of his comrades to encourage him if he seems much distressed—as is often the case; and hearing of the voice is said by them to be a great support at the moment of their greatest exhaustion. A few seconds' rest at the surface, and then the diver returns into the boat to recover, generally putting on an under garment or jacket to assist the restoration of the animal heat he had lost, and to prevent the loss of more by the too rapid evaporation of water from his body.

Such is the trying life of a Levantine spong-diver; and doubtless there are very few of us who have any idea of what a fellow-creature has suffered in procuring that little article which has become a necessity of our toilet-table and the luxury of our morning ablutions.—*Spratt's Travels in Crete.*

DO RIGHT. If you would convince a man he does wrong, do right. But do not care to convince him. Men will believe what they see. Let them see.

TRUTH cannot die; it passes from mind to mind, imparting light in its progress, and constantly renewing its own brightness during the diffusion.

OPPORTUNITY.—Grapple ever with opportunity. And as you do not know when opportunity will happen keep your grrppling irons always ready.

☞Be temperate in all things.

A Romance of Truth.

There are the elements of a novel of surpassing interest in the following story, the truth of which is vouched for:

A man by the name of Holden, a Canadian by birth, went to Cayuga co., N. Y., in 1820, and married a Miss Tabor, daughter of poor but respectable parents. In 1833 this couple, with their two children, David and Mary—the oldest three years and the youngest six months old—moved to the then wilds of Wisconsin, and commenced the laborious life of farming and hunting.

David was a bright little fellow, and at five years of age, when at play near the house, with his hatchet, had the misfortune to sever the little toe from his left foot.

In 1842 Mr. Holden returned to Cayuga co., N. Y., to look after a little property that had been left his wife by the death of her parents, and while there he received the sad intelligence that some unfriendly Chippewa Indians, taking advantage of his absence, had killed his wife and children and burned his house and barn to ashes.

Holden had always a misanthropic turn of mind, and at this point of his misfortunes, that sourness increased to almost a hatred for every human being.

He lost his parents when a mere infant, his only sister was drowned by the upsetting of a boat in the river St. Lawrence, and his two brothers were killed by the bursting of a cannon in Montreal. Without kith or kin in all the wide world, he resolved to proceed at once to the shores of the Pacific and there end his days among the wild fur-traders of Oregon. Enlisting in a branch house of the Hudson Bay Fur Company in St. Louis, he crossed the Rocky mountains near the head waters of the Columbia, and then floated down the river in a bark canoe until he reached Vancouver—the company's headquarters of the Pacific coast. Receiving a sharp reprimand by the commandant of the station for *inattention to duty*, Holden soon deserted, and on a horse borrowed without leave—for the occasion—rode about 800 miles south, and hired out as shepherd to a rich old Mexican ranchero, or farmer, just east of Mohte Diablo, in what is now called Contra Costa county, California. Here he worked for six years, for good wages, acting as general superintendent of the entire ranche, embracing upwards of 8,000 acres. The old Mexican had a violent temper, and was noted as a wilful tyrant and a fierce desperado; but he and Holden got along remarkably well together until the latter, by accident, shot a valuable horse; and a coldness then at once ensued which resulted in the separation of the two men. A month afterward, the Mexican died, and Holden presented a large mortgage against the estate, foreclosed *it and took possession.*

On the 19th of January, 1848, gold was first discovered in California, on the American river, in El Dorado county. These latter have since been known as the southern mines, and the way to them led by Holden's extensive rancho. Many of the early miners of '48 and '50 recollect but too well the inhospitable selfishness and miserly meanness of the rich old farmer on this extensive ranche. On no account whatever would he permit a traveller to sleep on the premises, and for every morsel of food furnished, the highest price must be paid.

Late in the evening on a cold, raw, stormy day in November, 1850, a young man or boy not more than 20 years of age, limped slowly up to the house where the old man was smoking his pipe, and modestly asked if he could obtain a few *mouthfuls of something* to eat.

"Got any money to pay for it?" asked the old miser.

The young man replied that it took every dollar of his money to pay his passage to San Francisco; that he was now on his way to the southern mines, and that the first money he obtained he would certainly send it or bring it back in return for something to eat; that he had traveled all day on foot in the cold driving storm without one morsel of food, and that he was now chilled to the bone, and almost dying with hunger.

"Bah," was the insulting reply of the old tyrant—"do you think I am green enough to believe all that nonsense? Eat acorns, grass, anything you can find on the road; but don't come to me! Do you think I am going to feed all the miserable beggars that are strolling through the country? Begone! Begone or I'll set the dogs on you!"

The fair faced lad burst into tears, and exclaimed. "Oh, dear, I wish I was back in old Cayuga!"

"Back where?" quickly inquired the old man.

"In Cayuga county, New York," sobbed the boy.

"If you're from Cayuga, you may come in," said the old fellow softened at the recollection of his deceased wife and children. "What's your name?"

"Holden," gasped the boy—"for God's sake give me a mouthful of something to eat; I'm fainting!"

Quickly placing before the lad a bottle of wine and a plate of bread and meat, the old fellow said:

"Have you always lived in Cayuga?"

"I was *born* there!" was the feeble reply, "but my parents moved to Wisconsin when I was but three years of age. When I was eight years old, one day, when my father was away from home, some Chippewa Indians and burned down the house, and killed my mother and sister on the spot. They sold me to some Decotahs who took me at once to the upper Missouri and adopted me into their tribe. Three years ago I ran away, and have since lived with an uncle in Cayuga!"

During the delivery of the foregoing remarks, the old man stood as if petrified. Finally, grasping for breath, he asked:

"What is your first name?"

"David!"

"Remove your left boot!"

The request was complied with, and the old man screamed with joy.

"My own son!" and fell senseless on the floor.

This story is denuded of all extraneous dressing in order that it may be crowded into this small space, but, with the exception of the names, it may be relied upon as strictly true. The old man is now dead, and we have seen the son gazing with content and happiness on an amiable lady and three children, 7,000 head of cattle, and 8,000 acres of land, that he could honestly call his own.

SARDINES.—The lovers of the "little fishes biled in ile," should know that the fish which furnishes them such a delicious repast, belongs to the herring family. The popular name was given to it by Cuvier, the first to assign it to a distinct place in the finny tribe. He called it Sardina; from which it is known as the sardine. Sardines are caught principally along the coast of Brittany, and to a less extent in Portugal. The fisheries employ a large number of men and women. The fishing vessels—generally of eight or ten tons each, and carrying a crew of from six to ten—go out two or three leagues from land to the schools of fishes When they see them, they spread like gill-nets for them, and scatter on the water the bait which has been prepared, and which consist of the eggs and flesh of fish, especially of cod and mackerel, and sometimes of salted fish. Large quantities of sardines are taken in this way. Some are salted on board, and others are carried on shore, and either sold fresh or prepared for shipment. For the latter purpose, they are salted and packed away in the cans, with melted butter and olive oil, which are poured upon them in an almost boiling state. The cans are sealed up, to prevent the air reaching the fish. The sales in Europe are very great, as the fish are there considered a great delicacy, and large shipments are annually made to America, where they are no less esteemed than in Europe.

ABRAHAM AND THE FIRE-WORSHIPPER.—I end with a story which I find in the Jews' books: When Abraham eat at his tent door, according to his custom, waiting to entertain strangers, he espied an old man stooping and leaning on his staff, weary with age and travel, coming towards him, who was an hundred years of age. He received him kindly, washed his feet, provided supper, and caused him to sit down; but observing that the old man ate and prayed not, nor begged for a blessing on his meat, asked him why he did not worship the God of Heaven? The old man told him that he worshipped the fire only, and acknowledged no other God; at which answer Abraham grew so zealously angry that he thrust the old man out of his tent, and exposed him to all the evils of the night and an unguarded condition. When the old man was gone, God called to Abraham and asked him where the stranger was? He replied, I thrust him away because he did not worship Thee. God answered him, I have suffered him these hundred years, although he dishonored me, and couldst thou not endure him one night, when he gave thee no trouble? Upon this, saith the story, Abraham fetched him back again, and gave him hospitable entertainment and wise instruction. Go thou and do likewise, and thy charity will be rewarded by the God of Abraham.—*Jeremy Taylor.*

SMART DOG.—The town Astoria, Oregon, can boast of the smartest dog that has been heard lately, if Van Dusen tells the truth in relation to the doings of his canine. While visiting Tillamook beach this summer, the dog was troubled very much with fleas, and had become tired of scratching. He was discovered one day hunting around the house for something, and finally picked up a piece of loose cotton batting and started for the beach. He went to the water, slowly backing down into it, and holding his head up so as to keep the cotton dry. The fleas started for his head as the dog kept backing into the water, and finally there was but the cotton out of the water, when suddenly cotton disappeared, and the dog made his appearance minus cotton and fleas. The cotton was picked out of the water, and was found actually alive with fleas. Van says he saw the dog do it—so it must be so.

A HUMAN CURIOSITY.—The Berlin newspapers have the following curious paragraph: "A Hungarian girl, born at Oedenburg, without hands, now twenty years of age, has been giving some curious representations at the Prussian capital. She performs with her mouth the functions of hands. She sews, embroiders, executes the most delicate work with pearls, even threads her needle and makes knots, all with the tongue, apparently without difficulty, and certainly without the assistance of any one. Part of the works thus executed are destined for public exhibition." Most people will hesitate to believe such marvels until they witness them.

☞A lady who was in the habit of spending a large portion of her time in the society of her neighbors, happened one day to be taken suddenly ill, and sent her husband in great haste for a physician. The husband ran a few rods, but soon returned, exclaiming, "My dear, where shall I find you when I get back?"

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INGENUITY OF THE THRUSH.—On the 1st inst. was pointed out to me a thrush's nest, built in the fork of a mountain ash, so near to the bed room window as to be under the close inspection of an invalid lady, who, with her husband and her nurse, were very much interested in watching the progress of the family. The young birds were hatched on the 20th of June. For several weeks no rain had fallen till the 29th, when a heavy down-pour set in, which lasted, with very slight intermission, through that and the following day. The parent birds were much distressed to give shelter to their young, and despite all their care they failed in their efforts, until struck with a happy thought, they succeeded in placing a stick across the nest; then availing themselves of this extemporized perch and simultaneously spreading out their wings, they formed a complete and effectual canopy. On the following day the perch had disappeared; with return of sun-shine both parents, relieved from all anxiety on account of the weather, were busily plying their brood with grubs and caterpillars, so that I had no opportunity for seeing the happy contrivance; but the three more fortunate observers bore testimony, in terms of high administration, to the skill and patience exhibited by the thrushes, who never deserted the perch so long as the rain continued, although their own feathers were dripping with water. Throughout the second day of trial the cock bird brought food to his mate, who distributed it among her nurslings, taking of course, her own well-earned share. I asked my friends how the birds contrived to carry up the perch more than fifteen feet from the ground, but neither had been so fortunate as to witness what must have been a clever piece of engineering.—*Correspondent of Hardwick's Science Gossip.*

☞Planting Forest Trees upon the great plains and prairies of the West is a project that is just now engaging the attention of our western pioneers and land-owners. The immense prairies and plains west of Kansas, and extending to the Rocky mountains, are barren of trees, but with a soil in which they would grow rapidly if planted by artificial means. The Mormon settlement around Salt Lake has established this fact. Scarcely a tree existed in that region prior to the Mormon exodus from Missouri,—but now the vicinity of Salt Lake City is studded with verdant groves and rich orchards. The subject has been brought to the attention of Congress. Mr. Donnelly, of Minnesota, has submitted to the House a bill "To encourage experiments in the growth of forest trees on the Western Plains," which proposes to grant 200,000 acres of Public Lands to the Ottawa Indian University of Kansas, on condition that they shall within five years plant at least 40,000,000 forest trees over an area of not less than 10,000 acres of public lands on the Great Plains. This is but experimental. If the plan succeeds we shall not only have the Government engaged in planting trees on the immense treeless tracks of the "Far West," but independent proprietors will set to work, and make what is now set down in our geographies as the "Great American Desert," a most beautiful stretch of country, affording happy homes to hundreds and thousands of what we now closs as Young Americans."

ARMY MORTALITY.—During the rebellion 2,688,528 men entered the army of the United States. Of this number 2,408,103, left the service alive. Some of them deserted, many were dismissed before their terms expired, but the majority returned safe and sound to the place of enlistment and were mustered out. The whole number of deaths in the service was 280,420; of these over 40,000 occurred on the field of battle; 35,000 occurred after battles, of wounds, and 184,331 of disease. Two persons died of sickness to one of battle. In this connection it deserves mention that the mortality from sickness was not near as great as in the British army during the Crimean war. This was owing to superior care and provision. It should be farther considered that if no war had happened, and these two millions and a half of men had staid at home, many thousands of them, in the natural course of events, would have died during the four years the contest lasted. In arriving, therefore, at a fair estimate of the mortality chargeable to the war, it is necessary to subtract the average mortality to which the members of the army would have been liable in time of peace and at home.

FRIGHTFUL ÆRIAL ADVENTURE.—The most remarkable escape from personal injury within our knowledge occurred recently a few miles west of Iowa City. As a regular passenger train, due East, was nearing that point a man was discovered walking along the track. The whistle was sounded, but the man paid no attention to it. The cowcatcher seized and threw him about thirty feet in the air, where he turned a complete somersault. As soon as the train was stopped, the employees rushed back, expecting to find a mass of mangled flesh and broken bones, but imagine their surprise on beholding the man walking towards them just as coolly, camly and deliberately as if nothing had happened. He proved to be a deaf and dumb man evidently on his way to Iowa City to attend the institution for such persons at that place. His name and place of residence could not be learned, as no one understood his signs and motions. The only injury he received was a slight bruise at the back of his head.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

W. Lewis, Editor and Proprietor.
Hugh Lindsay, Associate Editor.

Wednesday morning, June 27, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR,

Maj. Gen. John W. Geary,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

RESTORATION.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

The Constitutional Amendment.

He Disapproves the Course of Congress.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The President to-day sent the following message to the Senate and House of Representatives:

I submit to Congress a report of the Secretary of State, to whom was referred the concurrent resolution of the 18th inst., respecting a submission to the Legislatures of the States of an additional article to the Constitution of the United States. It will be seen from this report that the Secretary of State had, on the 16th inst., transmitted to the Governors of the several States certified copies of the joint resolution passed on the 13th proposing an amendment to the Constitution. Even in ordinary times a question of amending the Constitution must be justly regarded as of paramount importance. This importance is at the present time enhanced by the fact that joint resolution was not submitted by the two Houses for the approval of the President, and that of the thirty six States which constitute the Union, eleven are excluded from representation in either House of Congress, although with the single exception of Texas they have been entirely restored to all their functions as States in conformity with the organized law of the land, and have appeared at the National Capitol by Senators and Representatives, who have applied for, and been refused, admission to the vacant seats; nor have the sovereign people of the nation been afforded an opportunity of expressing their views upon the important questions which the amendment involves. Grave doubts, therefore, may naturally and justly arise, as to whether the action of Congress is in harmony with the sentiment of the people, and whether State Legislatures elected without reference to such an issue, should be called upon by Congress to decide respecting the ratification of the proposed amendment.

Waiving the question as to the constitutional validity of the proceedings of Congress upon the joint resolution proposing the amendment, or as to the merits of the article which it submits through the Executive Department to the Legislatures of the States, I deem it proper to observe, that the steps taken by the Secretary of State as detailed in the accompanying report, are to be considered purely ministerial, and in no sense whatever committing the Executive to an approval or recommendation of the amendment to the State Legislatures or to the people. On the contrary, a proper appreciation of the letter and spirit of the Constitution, as well as of the interest of national order, harmony and union, and a deference for an enlightened public judgment, may at this time well suggest a doubt whether any amendment to the Constitution ought to be proposed by Congress and pressed on the Legislatures of the several States for final decision until after the admission of such Senators and Representatives of the unrepresented States as have been or as may hereafter be chosen in conformity with the Constitution and laws of the United States.

(Signed) ANDREW JOHNSON.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—Appended to the above message is a communication from the Secretary of State, addressed to the President, in which he reports that on the 16th inst, the Hon. Amassa Cobb, of the committee of the House of Representatives on enrolled bills brought to this Department and deposited therein an enrolled resolution of the two houses of Congress, which was therefore received by the Secretary of State and deposited among the rolls of the Department, a copy of which is hereunto annexed Thereupon, the Secretary of State, on the 16th inst., in conformity with the proceeding which was adopted by him in 1865, in regard to the then proposed, and afterward adopted, Congressional amendment of the Constitution of the United States concerning the prohibition of slavery, transmitted certified copies of the annexed resolution to the governors of the States, together with a certificate and circular letter. A copy of both of these communications is hereunto annexed.

(Signed) WILLIAM H. SEWARD,
DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
WASHINGTON, June 16, 1866.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the of ——:

SIR: I have the honor to transmit an attested copy of a resolution of Congress, proposing to the Legislatures of the several States, a fourteenth article to the Constitution of the United States. The decisions of the several Legislatures upon the subject are required by law to be communicated to this Deparsment. An acknowledgment of the receipt of this communication is requested by your Excellency's obedient Servant,

(Signed) WM. H. SEWARD.

The accompanying papers are the certificates of a true copy of the concurrent resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution, and the Secretary's note to circular addressed to the Governors of the respective States.

"Soldiers of Huntingdon county who are your friends."—*Jour. & Amer.*

Soldiers we advise you to keep a sharp eye on the *Journal & American*. The editors intend to deceive or they would not *profess* so warm a friendship for you.

☞ The puddlers of the Cambria Iron Works, of Johnstown, are on a strike, their demand for an increase of one dollar per ton having been refused by the proprietors.

The Ten Per Cent. Tax.

Imlay & Bicknell's Bank Note Reporter dated June 15, says: There are so many incoherent statements made about the tax that will be imposed on the issues of banks organized under State laws, *paid out by banks on and after* the 1st of July, 1866, that it is important for every business man to understand the law. The Act of Congress, of March 3d, 1865, reads thus:

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That every National Banking Association, shall pay a tax of ten per cent. on the amount of notes of any State Bank or State Banking Association paid out by them, after the first day of July, 1866.

The circulation of the notes of State banks among individuals, is in no way interfered with by this law. Holders of these notes need be under no apprehension of any loss by the ten per cent. tax imposed, as Banks alone are subject to that penalty for paying them out after the time specified in the law, for as some of our cotemporaries remark, there will really be no tax at all on State bank circulation, because no one but banks are taxed for paying them out, and they will not be under the penalty. Private bankers will spring up throughout the country, and will buy up from brokers the bills of the State banks, and use them as circulation for the people, while the State banks will close up, to some extent, after providing for the redemption of their notes when returned to their redeeming agent. We think that the effect of this will be that less deposits will be made with banks, and more with private bankers and banking officers, who are left free to receive and pay out State bank notes. Shrewd bankers see this, and already some changes have been made; or rather, banks closed (both National and state,) and private banking offices opened in their places; and doubtless many more changes will occur of the same kind, as very good reasons will exist for the changes, which are, that by closing the banks they avoid heavy taxes which the States are attempting to impose on both National and State; as private bankers, they are not liable to a tax on the currency they pay out, but are left free to receive and pay out State bank notes; and now that the banking business is less profitable than for the past few years, these considerations have weight.

The Votes of Deserters.

The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, in session at Wilkesbarree, on Thursday rendered a decision in the Franklin county deserter case, delaring that election judges had no right to refuse to accept the vote of any man, because the word deserter was written opposite his name. The Court held, that before a man's vote could be rejected on account of desertion, he must have been tried and convicted. Although the constitutionality of the last session of the Legislature, disfranchising deserters, was not directly in question before the Court, it is held that the principle of the law of last winter is involved in the question upon which this decision was rendered. Chief Justice Woodward delivered the opinion of the Court, Justices Strong and Thompson concuring. Justices Agnew and Read dissented, holding that the competency of a man to vote was a matter for the determination of the judges of election.

U. S. SENATOR.—John W. Forney has taken the stump in favor of himself for United States Senator, to be elected by the Legislature next winter, to succeed Mr. Cowan whose term expires on the 4th of March next. If we must choose between Mr. Forney and Mr. Cowan, our choice will be Mr. Cowan. We could no more support Mr. Forney than we could Robert McDivitt, both low slanderers of a loyal President and his friends. Mr. Forney may secure the support of the radicals of the Stevens faction, but if the voice of the Union party is heard he will be left far in the rear of any reliable friend of the Administration who may be a candidate against him.

☞ The *Journal & American* of last week said the Circus Company makes it a point to advertise in none but Copperhead papers. Quite complimentary to the *Lewistown Gazette* and other radical papers.

☞ All the Republican papers in Snyder county, the Middleburg *Tribune*, the Selinsgrove *Post* and the Middleburg *Volksfreund* are all out unequivocally for the President, and heartily supporting his reconstruction policy.

☞ We notice that an amendment has been adopted to the new tax bill now before Congress, that prohibits the publishing of incomes, which are not to be furnished to editors or other persons under any pretext whatever.

☞ About the last week of May a lad by the name of Augustus Taft, a son of Dr. Taft, of this city, thirteen years of age, discovered at hitherto unknown star, in the Constellation of the crown. At first it was invisible to the naked eye, but rapidly grew brighter, till it could be seen without the aid of a glass. A day or two after young Taft's discovery, Professor Gould, of the Cambridge Observatory, discovered the same star. It proves to be one of the third magnitude.—*Hartford Times, June 16.*

☞ There is a man in Cincinatti taxed on an income of $30,000, who, eleven years ago, exhibited a monkey in the streets for a living.

Our Next Congressman.

That the supreme Legislative power of a country should exercise a vast control in directing the course of events, to happy or unfortunate results, will be admitted. That the influence of Congress should be felt for good or evil in all parts of the land and in all the relations of social life, cannot be gainsaid or denied. The farmer and mechanic, however apparently independent, relying upon individual exertion for the means of support, may be less directly affected by the action of Congress than other classes; still the influence of bad or good Legislation reaches him with the same certainty eventually that it does his more dependent neighbors.

With manufacturers and merchants and other classes engaged in the active commercial duties of life, the wisdom or folly of legislation is felt in a more direct and positive manner. It may be considered a well settled political truism that no country ever flourished and prospered unless its laws were made by wise and well informed men, whose *sole* and entire purpose was directed to the furtherance of the public good, and whose actions and thoughts were controlled by no mercenary or selfish considerations, but by sacrifices and denials for the benefit of those for whom they were trustees.

Assuming these assertions to be self-evidently true, we are led to inquire, what are the qualifications necessarily required for a Congressman?

1. TALENTS.—To understand the fundamental principles upon which governments rest, and particularly a full knowledge of the peculiar character of our American institutions, is essentially important. The first demands a complete knowledge of other governments—their history, workings, purposes, policies and designs; the causes of power and decay; the various provisions, &c., for the security of persons and property; the religious, educational and moral institutions; the science of laws prescribed for the intercourse between enlightened and civilized nations, and the duties and obligations to and from all others. To these requirements may be justly added, in our country, a complete and thorough knowledge of the national constitution, the rights and duties it demands from its citizens, the powers, duties, rights and privileges of State Governments in our associated system with each other—what are reserved, what granted, and in whom vested and to whom given, or from whom withheld. No man can be a competent Congressman who does not possess at least these requisites of high political education or talent.

2. HONESTY.—If it were not for the peculiar "laxity" of principles that has crept into our public councils, the mere statement that honesty was requisite to a faithful Representative, would be admitted on all hands. The honesty we demand is not a mere refraining from open and voluntary corruption, but it is a cultivated and elevated tone of fair, straight forward and upright conduct, that has such force upon the mind and heart as to direct the man to proper action, whether in the dark or daylight of the world's knowledge. This sentiment, properly understood, would not permit a man to be influenced in his conduct by any selfish motive. No advantage in business; no gratification of ambition; no grasping after position; no surrender of just opinions; no party allegiance will control to error an honest man. No honest man who will use his place, confided for another and different purpose, to swell the fortunes of himself or family, or place them in positions of honor and trust at the expense of better or more deserving men.

3. FIDELITY.—In the selection of a Congressman, an expressed and implied agreement has been made between the representative and his constituents. To perform the duties of the high trust with fidelity to the Constitution and to the constituents is the covenent on the one side. To discharge this duty requires the whole attention and time of the Congressman. To devote any portion of it, or use any of its influences in money making, in contracts, directly or indirectly through partners or relatives, through departments or other sources, to be affected in future by any vote or action as a member of Congress, is a breach of the covenant on the part of the Congressman for which no excuse can be given. It is a want of fidelity to the duties of his office, that involves much of danger to the *honesty* and high toned gentlemanly bearing of a true representative man.

4. FIRMNESS.—It is as essential to possess firmness, with knowledge and honesty and fidelity. The representative that has a knowledge of right without the requisite firmness to defend that right, is utterly worthless. To know when, and where and how far we are bound to follow the best interests of the country, or *our* party map be acquired by any cunning demagogue; but if the firmness necessary to stand by the country, and meet and resist the unjust demands of party is wanting, eyucation, honesty and fidelity are worse than crimes in the man who has not firmness to do what he knows to be lawful and right.

We have endeavored to designate in concise terms, some of the requirements that ought to be possessed by a proper representative in the National Congress. To find a man seeking by *intrigue*—by personal appeal—by distribution of official patronage—by *money*, and its associated power, nomination for this high trust is the surest evidence of his want of qualification and fitness for the place. No intelligent and right thinking community can place confidence in a man who seeks such stations of honor and trust by such means. "They ought to seek the man, not the man, the place.—*Pittsburg Republic.*

☞ A boy fourteen years old, named Sheldon, and living in Chatauqua, N. Y., while out hunting lately, heard his dog bowling as though in great distress, on going to see what was the matter with him, found him in the coils of a large snake. The boy being plucky and full of fidelity to his dog, at once approached to rescue him when the snake suddenly uncoiled from the dog and made a dash at the boy, but the latter fired hastily at the reptile and fortunately broke its back, and the dog sprang upon and soon finished it. It was rather a large snake, being thirteen feet long and about three inches in diameter.

The Freedmen's Bureau—Retrenchment in the Senate.

Betwen the amount assigned to the Freedmen's Bureau by the House Committee, and the amount finally appropriated by the Senate, there is a very wholesome difference. As reported by Mr. Stevens, the details stood thus:

Assistant and Sub-Assistant Commissioners,	$17,500
Clerks' Salaries	82,800
Stationery and printing	63,000
Quarters and fuel	15,900
Clothing for distribution	1,750,000
Commissary stores	4,106,250
Medical department	500,000
Transportation	1,980,000
School superintendence	21,000
Sites and buildings for school-houses and asylums	3,000,000
Telegraphing	18,000
Total	$11,584,450

An extravagant sum, obviously, and one affording ample margins for all sorts of pleasant operations by the persons concerned in the expenditure. The single item of commissary stores — $4,106,250 — would have covered pickings enough to satisfy an army of officials, and was utterly out of proportion to the service actually rendered, judging of the latter in the light of information furnished by recent investigations. And $3,000,000 for schoolhouses and asylums — a sum that might be requisite if the aim were to constitute the colored race perpetual paupers, to be fed, clothed, schooled and doctored forever at the expense of the nation, but admitting of no defence on any other supposition. And clothing and transportation—together $3,730,000; who doubts that on this basis profitable contracts would have been plentiful as blackberries, and clothing abundant for all the purposes of agents who hire negroes on their own account, after the manner exposed by Gens. Steedman and Fullerton? And $500,000 for doctoring, in addition to commissary stores; and $63,000 for stationery and printing, as though the Bureau were a Bureau of Education instead of one for temporary relief; and $18,000 for telegraphing, as though ordinary mail-routes were unequal to the wants of gentlemen engaged in providing for indigent and helpless negroes. The whole appropriation, as thus prepared, carried waste and wrong upon its face.

Mr. Stevens himself shrank from its advocacy in its entirety. So many members complained, especially with reference to the monstrous item for school houses and asylums, that its modification became inevetable; and Mr. Stevens, after vainly trying to soothe the outraged sense of economy by striking off a million, eventually reduced the three millions to the comparatively modest figure of half a million. Other items passed the house as reported, the total being changed from $11,584,550 to $9,084,450. A visible reduction undoubtly, but one that left the year's charge for the Freedmen's Bureau excessive, considering the nature of so much of its operations as may be pronounced legitimate, and the abuses which have been proved to exist in its management.

Fortunately, the Senate has come to the further relief of an exqausted treasury. As amended by Mr. Sherman and agreed to, the appropriation stands as follows:

Commissioners and Assistant Commissioners	$147,500
Clerks' salaries	82,800
Clothing	1,170,000
Commissary stores	3,306,250
Transportation	1,320,000
School superintendence	21,000
Repairs to school-houses	500,000
Total	$6,547,650

Or a saving of more that five millions compared with the amount originally proposed by Mr. Stevens, and more than two millions and a half compared with the appropriation sanctioned by the House. The excisions and the changes by which this result has been brought about, evince on the part of the Senate a more correct appreciation of the functions to be performed by the Bureau, and a more decided determination to make it a temparary instead of a permanent institution. The huge provision for doctoring has been expunged, the shameful allowance for stationary and telegraphing is denied, the item "repairs of school houses and buildings," and the idea of asylums" for a race of paupers finds on recognition. Even now, however, the appropriation is too heavy to be tolerated, except with the understanding that it is not to be very frequently repeated.

All trustworthy testimony from the South now points to the conclusion that the usefulness of the Bureau is practically ended. Necessary it has been, and in some districts eminently beneficial; but the general goodness of its aim has been much too often spoiled by the misconduct or the inefficiency of its servants, and the circumstances which for a time justified it are rapidly passing away. Our own correspondents have furnished impartial evidence upon this head. Mr. Truman, a shrewd and indefatigable observer, and possessed of a familiarity with the South of which few can boast, has dwelt upon the desirableness of withdrawing the machinery of the Bureau at an early day; and the Inspectors lately appointed by the War Department have expressed the same opinion wherever their observation has extended. An interval must elapse before this result be reached, and in any case the process of withdrawal should be gradual, so that some appropriation is indispensable, and perhaps the amount agreed to by the Senate is as moderate as it can be made for the current year. At any rate, all evils are great or small by comparison, and though we may not be enamored of six millions and a half for the Bureau's expenses in twelve months, with no great obstacle to the regulation of negro labor, let us be thankful that Senator Sherman has saved us from a much more formidable load.

What now remains to be accomplished is the honest and judicious expenditure of the large amount provided. To secure this may we not hope that vigorous measures will be taken, as far as possible, to transfer the administration of the Bureau's affairs from agents and sub-agents, who may speculate with impunity, to army officers whose integrity and disinterestedness none will question? The reform is needed, not only to arrest extravagant expenditures but to foster friendly feeling throughout the Southern States, by divesting the Bureau of the last aspect of partizanship.—*New York Times.*

☞ In Sicily it is the custom to crush strawberries with white powdered sugar, and squeze the juice of an orange or two over them. This makes a compound which is very much nicer than ambrosial nectar.

NEWS SUMMARY.

☞ The Methodists of Johnstown intend building a new church, to cost $20,000.

☞ A new railroad is in contemplation in Cambria county, to extend from Boiler Bridge, on the Conemaugh river, to Beaver Dam, in Richland township.

☞ Recent borings in Lebanon tp., Pike county, are said to demonstrate the existence of pure beds of anthricite coal.

☞ Head Centre Stephens acknowledges the receipt of about $140,000 in all, at various times from American Fenians.

☞ Mr. Alexander T. Stewart's Internal Revenue return shows that his income last year was four millions seven hundred and eighty thousand dollars, less ten per cent. on the amount which he paid the Internal Revenue last year.

☞ The House Committee on Invalid Pensions are preparing a bill, which will soon be reported, giving to the window of the soldier or sailor, in addition to her present pension, two dollars a month for each of her children. This pension will require an appropriation of $6,000,000.

☞ Over forty thousand emigrants from Europe arrived in New York last month. It is estimated that one hundred thousand have landed at that port alone since the first of January. At this rate, out loss of population by the late war will be made up in a few years.

☞ Several hundred English, Welsh and Scotch Mormons arrived at St. Joseph, Missouri, last Saturday morning, en route for Wyoming, Nebraska, at which place they will be met by teams from Salt Lake City, sent by Brigham Young. The eldest was seventy years of age and the youngest nine years old.

☞ At Navasoto, Texas, there was recently a hail storm of uncommon severity. The hail stones averaged a half pound in weight, and many were picked up the size of a man's two fists. The roofings of houses were broken through and the growing crop of cotton entirely destroyed.

☞ Some of the streets of London are very narrow. Out of 440 in the city, in but seventy of them is there room for more than two lines of vehicles to pass, and in 111 streets one line of vehicles only can pass. 101 of the streets are not throughfares at all and have no exists.

☞ A New York man, who had not been out of the city for many years, fainted away in the pure air of the country. He was only resuscitated by putting a dead fish on his nose, when he slowly revived, exclaiming: "That's good—it smells like home."

☞ The wife of Capt. Vessels, living in Accomac county, Virginia, gave birth one day last week to two children, each having two heads, four eyes and three legs. This rather surpasses any thing of such a nature that has come to our knowledge.

☞ Mr. Thorckmorton, who owns a ranche, embracing some 20,000 acres, in Marin county, California, has recently discovered a stump on his grounds which takes the palm from the big trees of Calaveras county.—This stump 52 feet 5 inches in diameter, and is now used by Mr. T. for a corral.

☞ Western papers assert that what were vast treeless prairies in Illinois twelve years ago, are now covered with a dense growth of thrifty young forest trees, comprising various species of oaks, hickory, cottonwood, ash, &c. Some persons have asserted that there is now as many acres of woodland in Illinois at there was before the settlement of the State.

☞ It is reported that a few days ago the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher crawled through a pipe in his new church organ, having been challenged to do so by one of his flock. Upon coming out, covered with dust and perspiration, he emphatically announced: "I want no man to tell me anything about this organ; I know all about it; I have been through it."

☞ A proposition will soon be introduced in Congress equalizing the compensation of members. Under the present rates some members receive over $18,000 pay and mileage, each Congress, while others receive only a few hundreds over $6,000. It will be proposed to pay every member $10,000 a Congress, and his actual traveling exponses.

☞ A Boston physician of repute has found several instances of obstinate cutaneous diseases on the neck of wearers of enambled paper collars, the result of the action of preparation on the enamelling substances of these articles of wearing apparel. We know of several cases in this city which have been attributed by the medical fraternity to the same cause. The "Glazed" collars do the mischief.

☞ On Friday night last the steward of the Emma Floyd fell from the third story of the Monongahela House, on Front street, east of Broadway, Cincinnati, to the ground, where he was found next morning in an insensible condition. Upon being picked, up, a large tom-cat was found beneath him, smashed flat, and is perhaps the means that saved him from instant death. It is supposed that while intoxicated he rolled out of the window. But little hope is entertained of his recovery.

☞ A lady died in Hartford, Conn., last week, under circumstances which could hardly be accounted for by her physician. A post-mortem examination was held, and in the lower part of her body, surrounded by the intestines, was discovered eight or ten plum stones, a lot of fish bones, some egg shells or other hard substances, which had lodged there and formed a large ulcer, which was the cause of her death.

☞ The borax of commerce has heretofore been chiefly manufactured from boracic acid, obtained in Tuscany. Borax has also been found in limited quantities in Thibet and China. A very abundant deposit of native borax has been deposited at Clear Lake, in California, and it is of remarkable purity. As taken crude from the earth, it is said to be superior to the best English refined borax. Clear Lake is about two miles in circumference, and being surrounded by high hills, it serves as a reservoir for the water that falls in the rainy season.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE MANAGER OF

CASTILIAN GARDEN

Takes pleasure in announcing to the CITIZENS and PUBLIC, in general. That on

SATURDAY EVENING, June 30th.,

and every evening during the following week.

THE CELEBRATED THEATRICAL, ETHIOPIAN TERPSICHOREAN COMBINATION, from the principal Cities in the States, Will make their first appearance at this place in new SONGS, DANCES, FARCES, BURLESQUES, OPERAS, PANTOMIMES, NEGRO ECCENTRICITIES, &c.

Look at the array of Talent:

MR. BILLY CHAMBERS,
King of Banjoists. Comedian and Boneist.

Mr. HARRY RICHMOND,
The celebrated Ethiopian Comedian, Song and Dance Man, and Tamborinist.

MR. J. C. KEENE,
The Greatest Jig and Essence Danepr in the World, and Interrogator.

MASTER BARNEY,
The Great Pathetic Balladist.

MR. HARRY WELLS,
Leador of the Orchestra and General Performer.

PROF. STEPHANY,
Musical Director and Pianist.

MR. E. W. THOMAS,
The unapproachable Cornetist.

MR. HARRY LESLIE,
Versatile Performer,

An entire change of PROGRAMME AT EVERY PERFORMANCE.

The Manager would respectfully state to THE LADIES OF HUNTINGDON AND VICINITY, that the entertainment will be of the most chaste and respectable character and entirely void of vulgarity, and nothing will occur to mar the modesty of the most fastidious.

PERFORMANCE TO COMMENCE AT 8 O'CLOCK, PRECISELY. ADMISSION 25 CENTS.

E. C. SUMMERS, Sole Proprietor.
HARRY WELLS, Business Manager,

EXTRA CARD.

A GRAND EXTRA ENTERTAINMENT will be given on the FOURTH OF JULY, AFTERNOON AT 3 O'CLOCK. For the LADIES and CHILDREN of Huntingdon and vicinity. When an entire change of Programme will be given.

June 27, 1866.

GOLD

RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT,

For which Certificates will be issued,

Bearing Interest In GOLD.

E. W. CLARK & CO.,
BANKERS, No. 35, SOUTH 3D STREET,
Philadelphia.

je27,1m.

WARM SPRINGS.

THIS SUMMER RESORT IS NOW OPEN,

and in splendid order.

The Bathing Facilities

were never so fine, the Bowling Alley is one of the best to be found, and a new Billiard Table has just been put up. No effort has been spared to secure the comfort of visitors.

Pleasure seekers are invited to call at the Springs—only five miles from Huntingdon, over a good road.

The TABLE is furnished with the best that the market affords, and every attention is given to please even the most fastidious.

Parties from the surrounding towns are cordially invited to visit the Springs.

W. J. GEISSINGER,
Proprietor.

☞ Hacks run daily, morning and evening, except Sunday, from Huntingdon to the Springs.

June 23, tf.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

MR. LEWIS:

I see in the Huntingdon *Journal and American*, the name of DAVID SNARE, Esq., made use of for the office of Associate Judge. I am pleased to see it—no better man in the county could be named, nor any more worthy. His long experience as a Justice of the Peace, his honesty and independence, fully qualifies him for that office, I have consulted with a number of persons on the subject, and find that he will secure a general support, if nominated by the Union Convention of this county. A SUBSCRIBER.

June 23, 1866.-tc.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HORACE GREELEY'S
HISTORY OF THE WAR,

"THE AMERICAN CONFLICT."

Upwards of 100,000 Copies Sold.

The high character of this work has gained for it among the distinguished men and leading journals of all parties, a reputation accorded to no other History of

THE GREAT CIVIL WAR.

As a complete, lucid, impartial and authentic record of events, marked throughout by great care and discrimination, it has no rival.

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

It is of course a history from a standpoint of observation far distant from our own, and from that of the Democracy generally; but it is marked by much less prejudice, and is disfigured by far less partisan feeling, than most of our friends would imagine. It contains a vast amount of information, and is altogether superior to any volume on the subject that has yet appeared.

From the North American Review.

He writes without passion, making due allowance for human nature in the South as well as the North.

From the New York Daily News.

Joshua R. Giddings, J. T. Headley, J. S. C. Abbott, Lossing and Horace Greeley have all published the first parts of a history of the war; but of these, no one has been so successful as that of Mr. Greeley, nor is worthy the same attention.

From the (London) Westminster Review.

It is temperate, and gives way to no vituperation, although thoroughly in earnest, and if we may admire the industry which has enabled the editor of the leading newspaper in America to do this at such a time, we may still more admire the spirit of fairness and directness which characterize this very valuable work.

From the New York World.

MR. GREELEY AS A HISTORIAN.—He has few equals as a writer of vigorous English. He is terse, racy, direct, going straight to the heart of the subject as it presents itself to his view, hitting it off occasionally by a dash of grotesque humor, but more frequently irradiating it with gleams of shrewd, homely sense.

From the Boston Pilot.

We recommend the perusal of "The American Conflict" to those who do not intend merely to talk about matters and things, but who wish to speak rationally and from conviction.

O. D. CASE & CO., Publishers,
my23 Hartford, Conn.

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS & CATARRH, treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D., Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 610 PINE Street, PHILADA. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the city and country, can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. ARTIFICIAL EYES inserted without pain.—No charge for examination. mh21'66-1y

GEO. SHAEFFER

Has just returned from the east with a

SPLENDID STOCK

OF

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, &C.,

Which he offers to the inspection of his customers and the public generally. He will sell his stock at the most

REASONABLE PRICES,

and those who purchase once will surely call again.

BOOTS & SHOES MADE TO ORDER,

and REPAIRING done in the neatest and most expeditious manner.

Call upon Mr. Schaeffer at his shop on Hill street, a few doors west of the Diamond. my2

INTERNAL REVENUE.—
APPEALS.
OFFICE OF THE U. S. ASSESSOR,
17TH ASSESSMENT DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Huntingdon, June 16, 1866.

Notice is hereby given that the annual lists, valuations and enumerations made and taken by the Assistant Assessors of said District, as of the 1st day of May, 1866, including taxes or incomes for the year 1865, taxes on carriages, billiard tables, plate, yachts, watches, pianos, &c., and licenses assessed for one year from May 1st 1866, in pursuance of the provisions of "An act to provide Internal Revenue to support the Government, to pay interest on the public debt, and for other purposes," Approved June 30th 1866, and its amendments and supplements, may now be examined at the offices of the *Assessor* and *Assistant Assessors* within their respective divisions of said district.

And notice is hereby given that *appeals* from the proceedings of the Assistant Assessors within said district, relative to any erroneous or excessive valuations of property or objects liable to duty or taxation embraced in said lists, will be received and determined at the office of the undersigned, *Assessor* of said District, in the borough of Huntingdon, for Divisions 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, comprehending the county of Huntingdon, on Saturday, the 30th of June inst.

At the office of George W. Russ in the borough of Hollidaysburg, for Divisions 9, 10 and 11 comprehending the county of Blair, on Monday, 2d day of July next.

At the Cresson Hotel, in Cambria county, for Divisions 6, 7 and 8, comprehending the county of Cambria, on Tuesday, the 3d day of July next.

At the office of Joseph Milliken, in the borough of Lewistown, for Division 12, comprehending the county of Mifflin, on Thursday, the 5th day of July next.

The Assessors will hear appeals at his office in Huntingdon, at any time previous to the advertised days of hearing, to suit the convenience of parties.

☞ All appeals are required to be in writing, and must specify the particular cause, matter or thing, respecting which a decision is requested, and also the ground or principle of error complained of.

J. SEWELL SEWART,
Assessor 17th District Penna.

June 20, 1866.-2t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of J. J. Fee, late of the borough of Huntingdon, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted are requested to make payment and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

SAML. T. BROWN,
JOHN D. FEE,
June, 20, 1866.-6t. Executors.

FOR RENT. A room suitable for an office. Inquire of Mrs. Hartley.

June 12, 1865-3t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
(Estate of Peter Sigafoos, deceased.)

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon County, to distribute the balance in the hands of Abraham Weight and Casper Weight, Administrators of Peter Signfoos, deceased, will attend at the office of SCOTT, BROWN and BAILEY, in the borough of Huntingdon, on *Thursday the 28th of June,*, 1866, at 1 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of making said distribution; when and where all persons interested are requested to attend and present their claims, or be debarred from coming in for a share of the fund.

JOHN M. BAILEY,
June 9, 1866-4t. Auditor.

Notice.

THE undersigned Corporators named in the act of Assembly, entitled an Act to incorporate the Pennsylvania Canal Company," approved the first day of May, 1866, will open books and receive subscriptions to the capital stock of said company at the places and times following:

PHILADELPHIA, at Room No. 23, Merchant's Exchange, at 10 o'clock, a. m., on the 26th day of June, 1866.

HARRISBURG, at the Lochiel House, at 10 o'clock, a. m., on the 10th day of July, 1866.

HUNTINGDON, at the Morrison House, at 10 o'clock, a m., on the 19th day of July, 1866.

L. T. Watson,	Alex. M. Lloyd,	John A. Lemon,
David Blair,	Geo. A. Roberts,	James Burns.
T. T. Wierman,	W. J. Howard,	John Lingafelt,
John Scott,	R. B. Wigton,	James Gardner,
John N. Swoope,	J. J. Patterson,	Wm. Dorris, Jr.

may50-2m

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—[Estate of Eliza J. Gilliland, dec'd.]

Letters testamentary upon the will and testament of Eliza J Gilliland, late of Union township, Huntingdon County, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber. All persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated to the undersigned.

A. W. SWOOPE,
JOHN GAYTON, Sr.,
May 20, 1866-6t. Executors.

TO THE LADIES.

The best assortment of

ELLIPTIC SKIRTS,

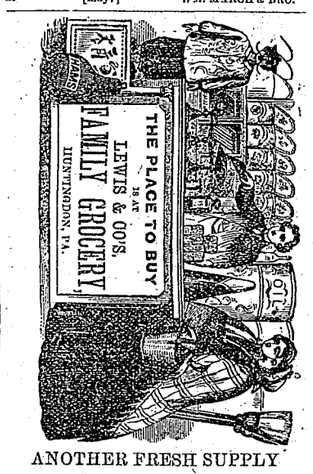
Just received this day from New York and for sale at the cheap cash store of WM. MARCH & BRO.

A splendid assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

FANCY TRIMMINGS AND BUTTONS

Just received this day from New York and for sale cheap at [may7] WM. MARCH & BRO.



ANOTHER FRESH SUPPLY

OF

Choice GROCERIES

JUST RECEIVED

At Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

Also,

EARLY VEGETABLES

Received fresh from the Philadelphia market every Wednesday and Saturday morning.

Also,

Canned Peaches, Tomatoes, Peas and Corn.

Also,

Spiced Lobster, Oysters, Chow chow, Worcestershire sauce, French Mustard, Horse Radish, Pepper sauce, Catsup, Olive Oil, &c., &c., and

All kinds of Syrups,

such as strawberry, pineapple, blackberry, &c

CALL AND SEE.

JUNIATA

STEAM PEARL MILL,

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

IS NOW

IN COMPLETE RUNNING ORDER

FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF FLOUR.

The patronage of the town and country is respectfully solicited.

GRAIN, of every description,

Bought at this mill.

McCAHAN & SON.

Huntingdon, May 2, 1866

1000 BUSHELS WHEAT

Wanted at Steam Pearl Mill.

my2 McCAHAN & SON.

FURNITURE!

J. M. WISE,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

FURNITURE

Respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his stand on Hill st., Huntingdon, in the rear of George W Swartz' Watch and Jewelry store, where he manufactures and keeps all kinds of Furniture at reduced prices. Persons wishing to purchase, will do well to give him a call.

Repairing of all kinds attended to promptly and charges reasonable.

☞ Also, Undertaking carried on, and Coffins made in any style desired, at short notice.

The subscriber has a *NEW AND ELEGANT HEARSE,* and is prepared to attend Funerals at any place in town or country. J. M. WISE.

Huntingdon, May 9, 1866-tf

LOTS FOR SALE.—The subscribers have some lots in the town of Grantsville, or Marklosburg station, which they will sell at low price, from $30 to $100. All who desire a good healthy location to build would do well to call upon them soon at their store, and secure for themselves lots at low prices.

Grantsville, my16. BOYER & GARNER.

LOVE'S Pure and Superior Rio Coffee in packages of one pound, for sale at *LEWIS & CO'S* Family Grocery.

PURE SPICES

at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, June 27, 1866.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

To Subscribers.

Those subscribers receiving a paper marked with a † before the name will understand that the time for which they subscribed is up. If they wish the paper continued they will renew their subscription through the mail or otherwise. tf.

"THE BOYS IN BLUE."

Meeting of the Campaign League on the 29th, inst.

The returned soldiers of Huntingdon county are requested to assemble in the Court House at Huntingdon, on Friday, the 29th inst., at 1 o'clock, P. M.

At the meeting then to be held a variety of subjects, affecting the interests of the soldiers, are to be considered, and important business transacted, in accordance with the suggestions of the Pittsburg Convention. The name proposed for the national association should be adopted by the League, and action should also be taken in regard to the platform offered as a basis of organization. The sentiments therein expressed do not vary materially from those contained in the resolutions already passed by the League, and for the sake of uniformity throughout the Commonwealth, they should be made the ground on which the campaign is to be fought..

As was feared when General Geary was consulted in Pittsburg, other engagements will prevent him from being present at our next meeting. He, however, promises to visit us at an early period in the campaign. Arrangements should be made as to the time when it will be convenient for him to be here, and preparations made to receive him.

MILTON S. LYTLE, President.

New Cumberland, Pa., June 21, '66.

MILTON S. LYTLE, Esq.,—MY DEAR SIR:—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 19th inst. And also of your previous letter of invitation to be present at a meeting of the "Soldier's League" at Huntingdon, on the 29th inst. I regret to state that owing to arrangements over which I have had no control, it will be impossible for me to be at Huntingdon at the time you indicate. Matters of the highest importance will take place elsewhere, to which my attention must be given, at the time of your meeting.

I hope therefore you will do me the favor to place this matter *right* before our friends, for if it is not done, it will have the semblance, on my part, of *want of punctuality*, for which I always feel indignant towards others, and could not blame others if they felt so to me.

I expect most certainly to visit my friends in Huntingdon County, early in the campaign, and hope therefore that any disappointment in the present case may thus be obviated.

With my best wishes for the welfare of our fellow soldiers, both individually and collectively, I have the honor to be your devoted friend and obedient servant. JOHN W. GEARY.

—Go and see Harry Leslie in Favorite Parts, at Castilian Garden.

Vegetable and Fruit Market.

The crowd at Lewis & Co's. family grocery store on Saturday morning last, filling their baskets with fresh vegetables from the eastern markets, astonished old fogyism. As good a dinner can now be had in Huntingdon as in Philadelphia. If properly encouraged no want of any family shall be neglected. If the farmers will not establish regular market days, Lewis & Co. will. Regular market days Wednesdays and Saturdays. Choice canned fruit and vegetables, spiced and pickled oysters, sauces, spices, and every choice article in the best grocery stores, constantly on hand.

—Don't forget E. W. Thomas, the Celebrated Cornetist, every night at Castilian Garden.

Horse Stolen.

On Monday night of last week, a valuable horse was stolen from the pasture-field of Washington Orr, in Tyrone township, Blair county. The horse was about six years old, of a brown color, and in good condition. A reward of $230 is offered for the recovery of the horse and arrest and conviction of the thief, or $50 for the return of the horse alone. The horse was branded with the letter "C" under his mane.

—Mast. Barney, the Juvenile Pathetic Balladist, at Castilian Garden.

New Opening.

Mr. Simon Cohn has rebuilt his store room, and will be open again with new goods towards the close of the week. He has now on hand mackerel and herring by the barrel, half-barrel, quarter and kitts. His old customers and as many new ones as can make it convenient, are invited to give him a call. *

Orphans Going to Philadelphia.

We understand that arrangements are being made to have the children of the different Orphan Schools of the State, attend the 4th of July celebration at Philadelphia. A platform is being erected in Independence Square, which will accommodate fifteen hundred children. They will be addressed by the Governor.

The Confidence Game.

A young man named Bowers, belonging to Altoona, Blair Co., Pa., arrived in this city a few days ago and put up at the States' Union Hotel, in Market street. The day after his arrival he formed the acquaintance of what he supposed to be a very accommodating young man, who volunteered to show him around town. Yesterday morning they started out together and on reaching the custom-house they met another person who approached the Altoonian and his companion, saying to the latter, "I have that bill with me." "Oh, yes," replied the other man, "I will pay you now." The bill was handed to him and carefully examined. He felt in his pocket and discovered that he had nothing smaller than a $500 note. Turning to the countryman, he said, "Have you any loose money about you; I would like to have a loan of $200 to settle this matter with, until we return." The money was handed over and paid to the man who presented the bill, a receipt was given, and the man and money left by the rear door of the building. Swindler No. 1, the Altoonian's supposed friend, had a sudden business call down the street, saying he would return in a few minutes. The countryman waited a long time, and finally concluded that he had been swindled out of his money, and was fully satisfied that a confidence man had done the work.—*Press.*

—Prof. Stephany, the Celebrated Pianist, at Castilian Garden.

Crime.

The year 1866 is destined to be a year of crime, if the past six months can be taken as a criterion for the balance. Murder, Rapine, Burglary, Incendiarism and Theft, are of almost daily occurrence, even within the limits of our own county. Scarcely an exchange reaches us that does not give an account of some brutal murder, the burning of some house or barn, some daring robbery, or the perpetration of some of the lesser crimes in the catalogue. In this county, within the past few days, men have been attacked and robbed on the public road, and stores and private houses broken into and robbed. Let every one be on their guard, as the country is alive with villains.

—Harry Wells, Violinist and general performer at Castilian Garden.

A Dastardly Act.

We understand that one day last week, some two or three boys, who were prowling about the country with a gun, strolling on the farm of Mr. Hamer, in Walker township, and seeing a colt belonging to him, fired at it, shattering a bone in one of its hind legs to splinters. Mr. Hamer was compelled to kill it, as there was no chance of it getting well. We are informed that he lost a colt last season under similar circumstances. The only regret is, that the boys are not known, and they are likely to escape a year or so in the penitentiary, which their wicked and malicious conduct richly deserves.—*American, 20th.*

—Don't forget Billy Chambers, the Champion Banjoist of the World, at Castilian Garden.

☞ Robert McDivitt expects by his loud professions *now*, of love for the soldier, to wipe out his opposition to the soldiers last fall, and his disgraceful denunciation of Judge Beaver as a guerilla. Robert are you honestly a friend of the soldier? If so, are you in favor of the nomination of either Baker or Gregg over Wharton, Swoope and Judge Leas. Come, speak out, show your love for the soldier, if you are *honestly* his friend.

—Don't fail to see J. C. Keene, the greatest Jig and Essence Dancer in the World, at Castilian Garden.

The Base Ball Game.

On Wednesday last nine of the members of the Logan Club, Altoona, played a game with nine of the American Club of this place. The Altoona boys have been in practice for a year, and did up their work well. The Young Americans have been organized but a few weeks and played lazily and were of course beaten.

—Go see Harry Richmond, the World Renowned Song and dance man at Castilian Garden.

What Everybody Says Must be True.

We have heard frequently of late, strangers say that the "ancient borough" is the liveliest town on the Pennsylvania Railroad. One thing is certain, we have a lively and industrious people, and all could have something to do if they were not lazy. Base ball playing may change the habits of some young men.

—Go and see the Greatest Combination in the World, at Castilian Garden.

Don't Read This.

The Warm Springs, under the care and keeping of Major Geissinger is a decided improvement. See his advertisement, visit the place and see for yourselves. You cannot fail to be pleased with the accommodations.

—Grand opening of Castilian Garden, *Saturday Eve, June 30th*

Improvements.

We notice foundations for a number of new houses under way in West Huntingdon. There are also several buildings going up in the "ancient borough."

—Go to Castilian Garden, Saturday evening, June 30.

Brief Items.

—We publish proceedings of *all* meetings held in the county, as local news, when requested, if the original or a correct copy is furnished us at the same time it is at any other office.

—Busy—everybody, making necessary and ornamental improvements.—Every mechanic in town who wants work can get it.

—Beginning to "circulate" in the country—the city folks The watering places will be crowded.

—The managers of the Blair County Agricultural Society have decided to hold a fair, at that place, on the 2d, 3d, 4th and 5th days of October next.

—On Monday of last week Mr. George Wilkinson, of Blacklick township, Cambria county, met with a fatal accident while engaged in felling trees. A tree he had felled caught in the branches of another, and while engaged in cutting the second tree a large limb from the first one broke off, and falling upon him crushed his skull.

—On the 11th inst., the boiler in the saw mill of James Young, about four miles from Ebensburg, exploded, demolishing the building, and carrying the boiler a distance of some seventy feet. Mr. George Berkey, the engineer, had an arm broken, and was otherwise injured The fireman was dangerously injured, and three other men suffered slight contusions.

A Hop.

The first Grand Hop will come off at the Warm Springs, on Thursday evening next. The services of a first class musician has been secured. The affair will be conducted in the best style.

☞ The weather here for the past few days has been exceedingly hot, but not hot enough to prevent marriages, or keep people from seeing the show, or even some from getting fighting drunk. So goes the world.

MARRIED,

On the 14th inst., by the Rev. J. W. Love, at the residence of the bride's mother, Mr. ALBERT HILEMAN, of Frankstown, to Miss RACHEL HARNISH, of Canoe Valley, Huntingdon County. [Hollidaysburg papers please copy.]

By Peter Swoope, Esq., on the 19th inst., Mr. AMON LONG, to Miss F. JANE CROTZLY, all of Huntingdon county.

At the residence of the bride's father, at Snake Springs, on the 19th inst., by the Rev. Thomas Barnhart, Rev. A. R. MILLER, Pastor of the M. E. Church at Bedford Station, and Miss SADIE HARTLEY, second daughter of the Hon. John G. Hartley.

June 20th., by the same, at the residence of the bride's parents, Rev. D. ALLEN CROWELL, of Newton Hamilton, and Miss TERESSA A. daughter of Wm. Lysinger, Esq., of Bedford Co., Pa.

On the 14th inst., by Rev. D. J. Beale, Mr. GEORGE BURGE, of Huntingdon county, to Miss AGNES E. VAUGHN, of Nossville, Pa.

On the 28th ult, by Rev. J. B. Polsgrove, Mr. WM. B. SMITH, of Huntingdon county, and Miss ANNIE E. UMHOLTZ, of Juniata county.

On the 28th ult., in Nashville, Tenn., by Rev. Dr. Allen, Mr. E. A. GREEN, of Mill Creek, to Miss LYDIA N. HOUGHTON, of Lewisburg, Union county Pa.

On the 5th inst., by Rev. J. S. McMurray, Mr. JOSEPH L. WILSON, of Petersburg, Huntingdon county, and Miss MARY J. BOTTENBERG, of Altoona.

On the 14th inst., by Daniel Troutwine, Esq., Mr. HENRY DOUGHERTY, of Jackson township, to Miss ELIZA CREMER, of Indiana County.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

June, 25.

Family Flour	$11.50
Extra Flour	$9,75
Superfine Flour	$8,50
Rye Flour	$6,50
Corn Meal	$4,25
Extra White Wheat,	$3,20@3,35
Fair and Prime Red	$2,50@3,10
Rye	$1,30
Corn, prime Yellow	1,05
Oats	70
Barley	75
Cloverseed, ₱64 lbs	$5,75
Timothy	$5,25
Flaxseed,	$3,00
Wool	60@70
Hides	13

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY S. E. HENRY & CO.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Superfine Flour ₱ bl	$11,00
Extra Flour	$12,00
Family Flour	$12,50
Corn Meal ₱ cwt.	$1,70
Buckwheat Meal ₱ cwt.	$5,00
Red Wheat	$2,00 @ 2,00
White Wheat	$2,00 @ 2,75
Corn	80 to 90
Oats	55
Barley	70
Rye	$1,00
Cloverseed ₱ 64 lbs	$4,00 @ 5,50
Timothy	$2,75 to 3,00
Flaxseed	$1,75 to 2,00
Rye Chop ₱ cwt.	$1,80
Bran ₱ cwt	$1,15
Shorts ₱ cwt	$1,60
Mixed Chop	$1,75
Plaster per ton	$10,00
Beeswax ₱ lb	30
Hops ₱ lb	40 to 60
Rags ₱ lb	4
Beans ₱ bus	$2,00
Feathers ₱ lb	55 to 85
Tallow	10 to 12
Dried Apples ₱ lb	13 to 20
Dried Peaches ₱ lb	18 to 25
Ham	25 to 30
Sides	20
Shoulder	18
Dried Beef	30
Lard	20
Butter	20
Eggs	20
Country Soap	10
Hay ₱ ton	$10,00
Rye Straw ₱ bundle	8
Potatoes ₱ bus	$1,00
Apple Butter ₱ gallon	$1,25
Wool ₱ lb	40 to 45
Large Onions ₱ bus	$1,50
Corn Brooms ₱ doz	$3,00 to 4,50
Chickens	20 to 25
Turkeys	75 to 1,50
Dried Cherries ₱ quart	12

SALES.

PRIVATE SALE

OF

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

I will sell at private sale, the following Real Estate:

No. 1. The FARM on which I now live, called "Bellemeade," lying in Morris township, Huntingdon county, Pa., bounded by lands of H. Bridenbaugh, Hugh Seeds, and others, containing, with the mountain tract, about

362 ACRES,

This farm is prime limestone land, about 112 acres cleared, well cultivated, under good post and rail fence, and the balance finely timbered with white, red and rock oak, and chestnut. It has a good stone and frame dwelling house, bank barn, stone spring house, with a never failing spring of the very best water, wagon shed, corn crib, and other buildings, three orchards of apples, peaches and pears. Lies but a short distance from Spruce Creek

No. 2. A tract of 50 Acres of fine Limestone land, in Franklin township, adjoining lands of D. Shultz, Union Furnace, and the Little Juniata, 20 acres cleared and in clover; balance in Locust timber.

No. 3. A LOT OF GROUND, in Morris township, and the whole of Sugar Island, opposite No. 2, containing about 2 acres, adjoining land of R. Tussey.

Terms will be made known by the subscriber.

ap18-3m* BENJ. F. WALLACE.

PERFUMERY and Fancy Soaps for sale at LEWIS & CO'S Family Grocery.

HARVEST

IS

COMING,

AND

FARMERS

SHOULD SUPPLY THEMSELVES WITH

THE BEST

HORSE HAY FORKS

SCYTHES & SNATHS,

RAKES AND FORKS,

GRINDSTONES,

And all other Harvesting Implements to be had at

JAS. A. BROWN'S

NEW METROPOLITAN

HARDWARE STORE,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

BROKE OUT IN A NEW PLACE.

NEW STORE, NEW GOODS, NEW FIRM.

BOYER & GARNER

Would respectfully inform the public that they have just opened a

NEW STORE AT GRANTSVILLE, (Marklesburg station)

Consisting of Groceries of all kinds, Dry Goods, such as prints, muslins, de laines, &c.; Hardware, Queensware, and a large lot of Shoes at reduced prices; Hats, Caps, Tinware, salt, fish, wooden and willow ware, drugs and stationery, which they are prepared to sell at very low prices to those who will favor us with a call.

BOYER & GARNER.

Grantsville, May 16, 1866.

MANTUA MAKING.

MRS. JOHN HOFFMAN & REBECCA MEGAHAN, are prepared to do all kinds of Mantua Making, and all kinds of plain sewing.

Both have had great experience in the sewing line, and respectfully solicit the patronage of the public, and especially that of the Ladies.

Their room is on Railroad street in the rear of Fishers' store.

Gentlemen's and other Shirts, Ladies' and Children's Dresses promptly made to order.

May 16, 1866.

NEW GOODS.

G. B. BRUMBAUGH & CO.

Have just received and now offer for sale at MARKLESBURG, PA.,

A

"VERY SMALL"

But

WELL SELECTED

STOCK OF

Fancy and staple Dry Goods, Ladies' dress Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Hardware, Glassware, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Notions, Fish, Salt, &c., &c.

at the very lowest cash prices.

Marklesburg, May 2, 1866tf

NEW CHEAP CASH STORE

IN HUNTINGDON.

NEW GOODS

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.

WM. MARCH & BRO.

Respectfully inform the public generally that they have just received a large and splendid stock of goods at their store in Huntingdon, consisting in part of

SILKS,
DRY GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS, CAPS, TINWARE,
LADIES' FANCY TRIMMINGS,
HOOP SKIRTS, BONNETS, BUTTONS,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE,
PROVISIONS, GROCERIES,
CRACKERS, NOTIONS,
TOBACCO, SEGARS,
GLASS, NAILS,
FISH, SALT,
&c., &c.

And in fact everything that is usually kept in a first class store, all which were bought low for cash and will be sold at correspondingly low prices for cash, or country produce, and request the public to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, feeling satisfied we can offer superior inducements to cash buyers.

We respectfully solicit the patronage of all, and the public are cordially invited to examine our goods.

Every thing taken in exchange for goods except promises.

WM. MARCH & BRO.

Huntingdon, Apl. 24, 1866.

CANNED PEACHES and Tomatoes Mixed Pickles, Tomatoe Catsup, Pepper sauce, &c., &c for sale at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

CHOICE Dried Peaches, Apples, Currants, Prunes, Raisins, &c., &c., for sale at LEWIS & CO'S Family Grocery.

ALL KINDS OF TOBACCO wholesale and retail, at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

IF YOU WANT the BEST SYRUP, go to CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

PURE LIBERTY WHITE LEAD, Preferred by all practical Painters! Try it! and you will have no other. Manufactured only by ZIEGLER & SMITH, Wholesale Drug, Paint & Glass Dealers, *No. 137 Nth. Third st., Philada.*

jan24-1y

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON ARE selling off at greatly reduced prices.

BOOTS and SHOES, the largest and cheapest assortment in town, at D. P. GWIN'S.

GUN BARRELS AND LOCKS.—A large assortment at BROWN'S HARDWARE STORE.

BEST BLEACHED MUSLIN always on hand at *CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.*

GROUND ALUM AND SALINA SALT at *CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.*

ALL KINDS OF CRACKERS constantly on hand at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

BOOTS AND SHOES, of every variety at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

$90 A MONTH!—Agents wanted for six entirely new articles, just out. Address O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Maine. cc.201865-1y

SCHOOL BOOKS, Generally in use in the Schools of the County, not on hand, will be furnished to order, on application at *LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.*

CASSIMERES.—A choice lot of black and fancy Cassimeres at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

WILLOW and CEDAR WARE for sale at LEWIS & CO'S Family Grocery.

MONEY!

ECONOMY IS MONEY SAVED!

The subscriber is permanently located in Huntingdon, and is prepared to purchase, or repair in the best style, and expeditiously, broken *UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.*

All articles intrusted to him will be returned to the residence of the owner as soon as repaired. Umbrellas and parasols for repair can be left at Lewis' Book store.

may2,1866tf WM. FENTIMAN.

DUNCANNON NAIL AGENCY.

JAS. A. BROWN is Agent for the sale of our Nails and Spikes, at Huntingdon, Pa. It is well known that the Duncannon Nails are far superior in quality to any others offered in the Huntingdon market

DEALERS, BUILDERS, and consumers generally will be supplied in quantities from one pound to one hundred kegs at manufacturers' prices by sending their orders or calling at his new mammoth Hardware store, Huntingdon, Pa. [ap10] DUNCANNON IRON CO.

COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the cities, as I have a wholesale store in Philadelphia.

H. ROMAN.

BILL POSTER.

The undersigned offers his services to business men and others desiring circulars distributed or handbills posted. He can be seen at the GLOBE office.

Huntingdon, Aug. 16, 1865. JOHN KOPLIN.

BLANK BOOKS, OF VARIOUS SIZES, for sale at *LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.*

MONTHLY TIME BOOKS, For sale at *LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.*

PARCHMENT DEED PAPER—ruled, for sale at *LEWIS' BOOK STORE.*

Gold Pens & Pencils,

The best assortment of the handsomest and best styles, for sale at Lewis' Book Store. tf

☞ Fresh Flower and Garden Seeds for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

☞ For neat JOB PRINTING, call at the "GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE," at Huntingdon, Pa.

WHARTON & MAGUIRE,

RAILROAD STREET,

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY, &C.

The attention of

MECHANICS, FARMERS, BUILDERS,

and buyers generally, is invited to the fact that we are now offering a BETTER ASSORTMENT of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &C.,

than can be found elsewhere in this part of the State, at prices to suit the times. Our stock comprises all articles in this line of business, embracing a general assortment of TOOLS and MATERIALS used by CARPENTERS, BLACKSMITHS, CARRIAGE and WAGON MAKERS, JOINERS, &c., &c., together with a large stock of

Iron, Steel, Nails, Spikes, Railroad and Mining Supplies, Saddlery, Rope, Chains, Grindstones, Circular, Mill and Cross-Cut Saws, Enamelled, Finished and Plain Hollow Ware. Coal Oil Lamps and Lanterns, Oil and Powder Cans.

An excellent assortment of

Fine Cutlery,

Comprising

KNIVES, FORKS, DESSERT, TEA AND TABLE SPOONS, SCISSORS, RAZORS, &C.

BRITTANIA & SILVER PLATED WARE.

Household, Horticultural and Farm Implements,

Of the latest and most improved patterns,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE

AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

CARRIAGE & WAGON MAKERS

Will find a general assortment of material for their use consisting in part of

Carriage Trimmings, Hubs, Spokes, Rims, Axles, Springs, Nuts, Bolts, Washers, Malleable Irons, Patent and enamelled Leather, Whips, Tongues, Sockets, Shafts, &c.

BLACKSMITHS

Can be supplied with

ANVILS, BELLOWS, VICES, SLEDGES, HAMMERS, HORSE AND MULE SHOES, Horse Nails, and all kinds of Iron & Steel

CARPENTERS

Will find in our establishment a superior stock of

PLANES, SAWS, AUGERS, HATCHETS, HAMMERS, FILES, CHISELS, HINGES, SCREWS, LOCKS, BOLTS, PULLEYS, SASH-CORDS, &C., &C.

MINING AND MINERS' GOODS.

NAILS and SPIKES, of all varieties, BLASTING POWDER, FUSE, *COAL PICKS AND SHOVELS.*

Farmers

Can be accommodated with everything in their line from a Grain Separator to a Whet-stone.

Builders

Are especially invited to call and examine our stock of

BUILDING HARDWARE,

and compare our prices with others.

Agricultural Implements,

Comprising the famous Russell

Reaper, Mower, and Dropper, combined,

Rundell's First Premium HORSE PITCHFORK, Rakes, Scythes, Hoes, Hay Forks, Trace and Halter Chains, Breast Chains, Cow Ties, Curry Combs, Curis, &c., &c., &c.

Among the specialties of our House, we desire to call attention to the celebrated

OHIO PUMP,

The exclusive right to sell which is vested in us. Send for a circular and get full particulars of same, and satisfy yourself of its superior qualities.

SCALES.

Scales of all sizes and descriptions, including

Tea and Counter Scales, Platform Scales, Grocers' and Druggists' Scales, Rolling Mill, Wheelbarrow, Pork, Portable, Hopper, Miners and Transportation, Hay, Cattle and Coal Scales,

FURNISHED AT MANUFACTURERS' CASH PRICES.

The largest and best assortment of

GLASS, PAINTS, OIL & PUTTY,

Ever offered in this place.

A GREAT VARIETY OF

COOK & PARLOR STOVES.

ALL SIZES OF

NAILS AND BRADS,

By the keg. Very low!

Best Norway nail, rod, bar and hoop Iron.

STEEL, of all sizes and descriptions.

WAGON BOXES, CARRIAGE SPRINGS, IRON AND BRASS WIRE.

Lard, Lubricating and Coal Oil,

By the barrel or gallon, at very low figures.

☞ A call is respectfully solicited, feeling confident that our goods and prices will not fail to please. ☜

WHARTON & MAGUIRE.

Huntingdon, February 27, 1866.

1866. CLOTHING. 1866.

H. ROMAN,

NEW

CLOTHING

FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER,

JUST RECEIVED

AT

H. ROMAN'S

CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.

For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at

H. ROMAN'S,

opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.

Huntingdon april 10, '66.

NEW CLOTHING

AT LOW PRICES.

M. GUTMAN

HAS JUST OPENED A FINE STOCK OF NEW

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Which he offers to all who want to be

CLOTHED,

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

His Stock consists of Ready-made Clothing for

MEN AND BOYS,

ALSO,

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &C., &C.

Should gentlemen desire any particular kind or cut clothing not found in the stock on hand, by leaving their measure they can be accommodated at short notice.

Call at the east corner of the Diamond, over Long's Grocery.

MANUAL GUTMAN.

Huntingdon ap. 10, '66.

HEAD QUARTERS

FOR

NEW GOODS.

D. P. GWIN

INFORMS THE PUBLIC

THAT HE HAS

JUST OPENED

A

SPLENDID STOCK of NEW GOODS

THAT

CAN'T BE BEAT

IN

CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY.

COME AND SEE,

D. P. GWIN.

ap. 10 '66.,

CHEAP GROCERY STORE,

Z. YENTER,

HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PA.

THE undersigned offers for the inspection and purchase of customers a large and assorted stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c. He feels satisfied they can be accomodated with anything in his line. His prices are low, and his stock fresh and good. He keeps the best of

SUGAR, COFFEE, TEAS, SPICES, SALT, TOBACCO & SEGARS, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS & CAPS, &c.

ALSO—

HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES, MOLASSES, OILS, VINEGAR, FISH, CHEESE, FLOUR RICE, And NOTIONS of every kind.

A select stock of DRY GOODS, together with QUEENSWARE, and all other articles kept in a well regulated establishment for sale at reasonable prices.

☞ His store is on Hill street, nearly opposite the Bank, and in the room formerly occupied by D. Grove. Call and examine. Z. YENTER.

Huntingdon, ap. 10, 1866

NEW FAMILY GROCERY STORE.

W. **LONG** would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity to the fact that he has just opened a FAMILY GROCERY STORE at the old stand of Christopher Long, where he will keep constantly on hand a full and well assorted stock of

FRESH FAMILY GROCERIES,

such as Lovering's Syrup; N. Orleans and Porto Rico Molasses, Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Spices, Salt, Hams, Sides, Shoulders, Dried Beef, Flour, Fish, Cheese, Rice, Pickles, and Provisions of all kinds.

CEDAR AND WILLOW-WARE,

comprising, in part, Baskets, Buckets, Tubs, Washboards Corn Brooms, Brushes, Rugs, Mats, Floor Oil Cloths, Bags Trunks, &c. &c.

CANDLES and NUTS of all kinds, wholesale and retail. TOYS, TOBACCO, SEGARS, Coal Oil, Coal Oil Lamps, &c

He respectfully invites a call and examination of his stock, satisfied that his goods and prices will compare favorably with those of any other in the place.

WM. LONG.

Huntingdon, March 7, 1866.

GREAT ENTHUSIASM!

HIGH PRICES SURRENDER!!

THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST.

JOHN H. WESTBROOK

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a New and splendid stock of

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.

all of which he is prepared to sell at reduced prices.

A lot of choice CONFECTIONERIES have also been received.

Don't forget the old stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.

Huntingdon, april 12, 1866.

FOR THE GREATEST VARIETY

OF

Handsome and Useful Articles,

Call at LEWIS' Book Store.

SOUR PICKLES ready for the table, by the doz., ½ doz., or ¼ doz., for sale at LEWIS & CO'S Family Grocery.

DRESS BUTTONS & TRIMMINGS, of the latest styles, Belt Ribbon and Buckles, Hosiery, Gloves, Edgings, Frillings, &c., at S. E. HENRY & CO.

NEW GOODS CONSTANTLY RECEIVED at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

TRACING MUSLIN, DRAFTING AND DRAWING PAPER *White and Colored Card Paper,* For sale at *LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.*

FRESH

FLOWER and GARDEN SEEDS

FOR SALE AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE

☞ Fine Cigars and Tobacco for sale at Lewis' Book Store

THE BEST SHORE FISH for sale at *LEWIS & CO'S* Family Grocery.

CHOICE Teas, Coffee, Sugars and Molasses, for sale at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

ENVELOPES—By the box, pack, or less quantity, for sale at *LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.*

A LARGE VARIETY of articles too numerous to mention, for sale at LEWIS & CO'S Family Grocery. Call and see.

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES for wagons of all sizes, for sale at the hardware store of [ja14,1866] JAS. A. BROWN.

THE BEST QUALITY OF FRESH MACKEREL at *CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.*

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

DOMESTIC RECEIPTS.

BOILED INDIAN PUDDING.—In one quart of boiling milk stir enough meal to make a stiff batter; add one cup chopped suet, one egg, half a cup of sirup, salt, one cup of raisins or dried fruit. Boil in a bag two hours. Serve with cream and sauce.

RED CURRANT JELLY.—Put the currants into a jar, in the oven, allowing them to remain till the juice is well out of them. If currants are plenty, and you wish the jelly quite clear and of excellant color, strain but gently; not mashing and squeezing the pulp as some do. To a pint of sirup add a pint of well pounded white sugar made quite hot. Before adding the sugar, boil the sirup very slowly for two minutes; then put in the hot sugar and boil ten minutes. Pour into common tumblers or small basins, and set to stand a while in the sun with a little gauze or net placed over them to keep the insects out when you are ready to store them, cut nice white paper, the size of the surface of the jelly; dip in brandy, if you have it, and place close upon the jelly. Cover the jars.

RASBERRY VINEGAR.—Every housekeeper should endeavor to have at least a small quantity of this delightful beverage. In cases of fevers it is indispensable, and will often quiet and sooth when nothing else will. Put two quarts of red rasberries, nice and fresh, into a jar, and pour over them a quart of good vinegar. Let it stand twenty four hours. Strain through a flannel bag. Pour this liquid over two more quarts of fresh berries, and again let it stand twenty four hours. Strain again. Allow three quarters of a pound of loaf or good white sugar to every pint of juice. Stir well into the liquid, put into a stone jar, cover closely, and set to stand in a ketttle of boiling water to be kept boiling for a hour. Strain it, and bottle ready for use. A tablespoonful to a tumbler of cold water is the manner of using it.

TO COOK CODFISH.—Take a piece of fish about three inches square. Freshen for five minutes in boiling water. Take it out, and shred very fine. Add one quart of milk and two tablespoonfull of cream. Set on the stove to boil, while you prepare thickening in the following way. Take a tablespoonfull of flour and a little butter and pepper. Mix well together, and add a very little milk or water to make a batter. This should be perfectly smooth and free from all lumps. Add to the milk and fish, boil up and serve.

HOW TO COOK A BEEFSTEAK.—A beefsteak ought always to be broiled and never fried; but the following method of cooking is recommended by Mrs. Hutton, which even those who are accustomed to frying may be willing to try:

"The frying pan being wiped very dry, place it upon the stove an let it become hot—very hot. In the meantime mangle the steak—if it chance to be sirloin, so much the better—pepper and salt it, then lay it in the hot, dry pan, which instantly cover as tightly as possible. When the raw flesh touches the heated pan, of course it seethes and adheres to it, but in a few seconds it becomes loosened and juicy. Every half minute turn the steak; but be careful to keep it as much as possible under cover. When nearly done lay a small piece of butter upon it; and if you want much gravy, add a tablespoonfull of strong coffee. In three minutes from the time the steak first goes into the pan it is ready for the table. This method of cooking makes the most delicious, delicately broiled steak, full of juice, yet remaining the healty beefy flavor that any John Bull could require.

"The same method may be applied to mutton chops, only they require a little longer cooking to prevent them from being rare. An excellent gravy may be made for them by adding a little cream, thickened with a pinch of flour, into which, when off the fire and partly cool, stir in the yolk of an egg, well beaten."

Washing.

On the evening previously to washing, all the clothes should be gathered up and assorted;—woollens, colored clothes, unbleached cottons, and linens and fine clothes, into their separate bundles.

Except wollens and colored clothes, all other kinds should be put to soak over night, the very dirty parts having soap rubbed on them. If you use a washing fluid, it is usually in the soaking water; if you use no wash mixture, the next morning wring out the clothes, and proceeded to wash them carefully through two waters; then boil them in clean water, rather briskly, but not longer than half an hour.

Wash them out of the boil, rinse through two waters. The last rinse water should have a delicate tinge of blue, likewise a small quantity of starch for all cottons or linens; reserve those you wish stiffer for the last, and mix more starch in the water. Shirt bosoms and collars, skirts, in short anything you wish very stiff, should be dipped while dry. Swiss, and other thin muslins and laces, are dipped in starch while dry, and then clapped with the hands until in a right condition to iron.

Calicoes, brilliants, and lawns of white grounds, are washed like any other white material, omitting boiling until the yellow tinge they acquire makes it absolutely necessary. Unbleached cottons and linens follow the white clothes, through the same waters, but must in no case be boiled with them, as they continually discharge a portion of their color and so discolor the white clothes.

In directing the preparation for washing fluids we give the process employed with them; but colored clothes, in our experience, can be washed in none of them, without injury to the color.

Calicoes, colored lawns and colored cottons, and linens generally are washed through two suds and two rinsing waters, starch being used in the last, as all clothes look better and keep clean longer, if a little stiffened.—*Country Gentlemen.*

☞ For neat JOB PRINTING, call at the "GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE," at Huntingdon, Pa.

PROF. J. H. M'ENTYRE'S GREAT REMEDY,

THE

INDIAN COMPOUND

Internal and External Medicine,

WILL CURE:

☞ Diarrhœa, Bloody Flux in one day,
☞ Headache and Earache in three minutes.
☞ Toothache in one minute.
☞ Neuralgia in five minutes,
☞ Sprains in twenty minutes,
☞ Sore Throat in ten minutes,
☞ Cholic and Cramp in five minutes,
☞ Rheumatism in one day,
☞ Pain in the Back or Side in ten minutes,
☞ Bad Coughs or Colds in one day,
☞ Fever and Ague in one day.
☞ Cures Deafness, Asthma, Piles,
☞ Bronchitis Affections, Dyspepsia,
☞ Inflammation of the Kidneys, Erysipelas,
☞ Liver Complaint and Palpitation of the Heart.

Keep it in your Families—Sickness comes when least expected.

I propose to check, and effectually dissipate more ache and pain, and to accomplish more perfect equilibrium of all the circulating fluids in the human system, than can be effected by any other, or all other methods of medical aid in the same space of time.

THIS POPULAR REMEDY is fast coming into use, for the fact that I cure, free of charge, all those complaints whenever there is an opportunity to do so. As soon as it is applied it almost miraculously kills the pain. I do not ask you to buy before you are certain of its efficiency. If you have an ache or pain, it is warranted to do all it purports on the label.

I do not propose to cure *every* disease—only a class named by my directions. My liniment operates on chemical and electric principles, and is, therefore, appliable, to the cure or natural restorative of all organic derangement arising from an improper circulation of the nerve vital fluids.

Prof. J. H. McEntyre's INDIAN COMPOUND acts directly on the absorbents, reducing glandular and other swellings in incredible short time, *without any possible danger from its use* under any possible circumstances.

This is an internal and external medicine—composed of roots, herbs and barks, such as our forefathers used.—There is a bountiful supply on earth to cure all complaints if we only know what they were.

This has been a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the above complaints—how to put them together, and what proportions to use.

J. H. MCENTYRE,
Proprietor, Reading, Pa.

For sale at Lewis' Book Store.

Huntingdon, Pa., Sept. 6, 1865.

McENTYRE'S

DANDELION PILLS,

For all diseases arising from one cause, viz.: Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Catarrh in the Head, Weak and disordered Stomach, such as Indigestion, Sick Headache, Giddiness of the Head, Weakness of Sight, Windy Ailments, Rheumatism, and Rheumatic Pains, Pains in the Back or Side, Nervous Debility, Lowness of Spirits, Impurity of the Blood, Blotches or Eruptions of the Body, Gravel, Worms, &c., &c. Sold at 25 cents per box.

McENTYRE'S

INDIAN VEGETABLE

WORM DESTROYER!

This infallible medicine is warranted to expel worms in all cases and may be given to children of all ages, as they are purely vegetable and perfectly harmless.

☞ Can be had at Lewis' Book store, Huntingdon, Pa,

DR. VENARD'S

STAR MAGIC LINIMENT.

$1000 REWARD will be paid for any medicine that excels this for the following diseases:

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Spinal Affections, Contracted Joints, Cholic Pains, Pains in Side or Back, Toothache, Headache, Sprains, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, and all Diseases of the Muscles, Skin and Glands.

This is an Internal and External Medicine, composed of Roots, Herbs and Barks such as our forefathers used.—There is a bountiful supply on the earth to cure all complaints, if we only knew what they were. This has been a subject for constant study with the Medical Faculty for a great many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the above complaints—how to put them together, and what portions to use.

This wonderful remedy needs no recommendation save the results which invariably follow its application.

☞ This popular remedy is fast coming into use from the fact that it gives good satisfaction.

☞ PHYSICIANS are invited to test its efficacy in all cases of Rheumatism, Affections of the Spinal Column, and all Diseases of the Skin, Muscles and Glands. It has been used in thousands of instances under the personal supervision of the Inventors, and has never disappointed their expectations. All we ask for it is a trial—experimental proof—not the testimony of the men of straw, are the vouchers we desire to present to the public.

It would be well for many now lying in beds of torture, if these facts could reach their sick chambers. It is more important to them than to the inventors that this should be the case. "Truth is mighty and must prevail."

☞ Keep it in your family, for sickness comes when you least expect it.

PRICE--ONE DOLLAR.

SAMUEL H. SHOEMAKER,
SOLE AGENT, HUNTINGDON, PA.

Huntingdon, Pa., July 19, 1865.

DR. VENARD'S

STAR MAGIC LINIMENT

CURES

RHEUMATISM,
NEURALGIA,
TOOTHACHE,
HEADACHE,
DIPTHERIA, or SORE THROAT,
CRAMPS, or
PAINS IN THE STOMACH,
SPRAINS,
and DIARRHŒA.

SOLE AGENT,
SAMUEL H. SHOEMAKER,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

Price One Dollar.
Price Fifty Cents.

☞ Agents Wanted to sell the above throughout the Country.

Huntingdon, Oct. 25, 1865.

PAPER! PAPER!! PAPER!!!

Tracing Paper,
Impression Paper,
Drawing Paper,
Deed Paper,
Tissue Paper,
Silk Paper for Flowers,
Perforated Paper,
Bristol Board,
1st Cap Paper,
Foolscap Paper,
Letter Paper,
Commercial Note Paper,
Ladies' Gilt Edged Letter and Note Paper,
Ladies' Plain and Fancy Note Paper,
White and Colored Card Paper, in Packs and Sheets,

For sale at LEWIS' Book, Stationery and Music Store.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

WM. AFRICA

Informs the public that he has just opened at his old stand in the Diamond, Huntingdon,

A Fine Assortment of all kinds of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

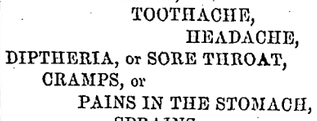
For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.

All of which he will sell at fair prices. *Quick sales and small profits.* Call and examine my stock.

Manufacturing and Repairing done to order as usual.

Huntingdon, April 19, 1866.

SPECTACLES.



A fine and large assortment always on hand

AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

THE GREAT MEDICINE!

M'Entyre's INDIAN COMPOUND.

A NEW SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED

AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

PRICE PER BOTTLE, 50 CTS., and $1,00

FOR THE LADIES.

A superior article of Note Paper and Envelopes, suitable for *confidential* correspondence, for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

PAPER! PAPER!!

Note, Post, Commercial, Foolscap and Flatcap—a good assortment for sale by the ream, half ream, quire or sheet, at

LEWIS' NEW BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

VERMICELLI, Barley, Rice, Hominy, Beans, &c., at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

BROUGHER'S PATENT EXCELSIOR

BROOM HEAD OR WRAPPER.

PATENTED DECEMBER 26, 1865.

Everybody his own Broom Maker.

This head or Wrapper is constructed of Tin or Zinc, with sibling band and bolts, in connection with the centre bolt passing thro' the handle, holding it secure.

The article to which we call your attention is very simple, light and strong, weighing but SEVEN OUNCES.

The farming community have long needed an article of this character; and the high price of Brooms, together with the simplicity, durability, and practical utility of this invention, makes it more saleable than any other article ever introduced.

☞ We offer borough, township, and family rights for sale on reasonable terms, in the county of Huntingdon.

For further particulars, call and see the subscribers, or address THOS. G. STRICKLER & SON,
Huntingdon, Pa.

LUMBER. LUMBER.

LUMBER.

THE undersigned has just received and is now ready to supply the public with

ALL KINDS OF LUMBER,

COMPRISING ALL THE DIFFERENT GRADES,

From cullings up to the clear stuff,

From 9 months to 2 years dry!

Also,

PLASTERING LATH,

JOINT AND LAP SHINGLES,

BUILDING STUFF AND PLANK.

WORKED FLOORING, WEATHER-BOARDING,

DOORS, WINDOW-FRAMES, SASHES, &c

at reasonable prices.

Now is the time to buy, before the Spring rush, as Lumber is already advancing, and dry lumber is a scarce article.

CHAS. H. ANDERSON.

Huntingdon, Feb. 27, 1866

SPECIAL NOTICE.

TO THE LADIES.—Do you really intend to cease wearing the beautiful styles now so prevalent, or dress less elegantly, because the rebel Jeff. Davis, was captured in Fashionable Female attire? One moment's calm reflection will surely serve to change your rash resolve. The angels had too much good sense to lay aside their pure chaste robes of white, because they had for a time served to hide the deformities of that Prince of Rebels, the Devil. Can you err in following the example of Angels? Then having made up your minds that you will continue to dress tastefully regardless of rebel acts, *do not forget to call at the store of the subscribers, who will be happy at all times to furnish you with such articles of dress as you may desire.* Urge your fathers, husbands, brothers, neighbors and children to visit the same store. They can here be suited in good articles of Boots, Shoes, Clothing Material, Hats, Caps, Queensware and a general assortment of Groceries, on as reasonable terms as at any House in town. Store on Southeast corner of the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

may 31, 1865. FRANCIS B. WALLACE.

IF YOU WANT

A GOOD PHOTOGRAPH LIKENESS,

CALL AT

DONNELL & KLINE'S

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY

On Hill Street, two doors west of Lewis' Book Store.

CALL AND SEE SPECIMENS.

Huntingdon, Oct 4, '65-tf.

MUSIC BOOKS

FOR SALE AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

HOWE'S SONGS OF IRELAND, containing about 175 of the Gems of Hibernia's Songs and Ballads, including 60 of Moore's Irish Melodies, Songs of the affections, Sentimental, Patriotic, Historical, Military, Political' Comic and Miscellaneous Songs, arranged for the Pianoforte or Melodeon. Price $3.00

HOWE'S SONGS OF SCOTLAND, containing about 175 of the Gems of Caledonia's Songs and Ballads, including Songs of the affections, Sentimental, Patriotic, Historical, Military, Political, Comic and Miscellaneous Songs, arranged for the Pianoforte or Melodeon. Price $3.00.

HOWE'S SONGS AND BALLADS OF THE OLDEN TIME, containing the Original Words and Music of the Songs and Ballads, sung by the Grand-mothers of the present generation. Arranged for Four Voices.

HOWE'S TRIOS: Quadrilles Contra and Fancy Dances with Calls and Figures; Waltzes, Polkas, Opera Melodies, Scotch and Irish airs, &c., &c., for the Violin, Flute, Cornet, Bass Viol, &c.

THE YOUNG MEN'S SINGING BOOK; a collection of Music for male Voices, consisting of Glees and Part Songs, Choir and congregational Tunes, Anthems, Chants, &c.

KINGLEY'S JUVENILE CHOIR:—A selection of the Choicest Melodies from the German, French, Italian, English and American Composers.

TRUMPET OF FREEDOM AND THE BUGLE CALLS; two books suitable to the times.

THE BOSTON GLEE BOOK, consisting of an extensive collection of Glees, Madrigals, and Rounds, selected from the works of the Most admired Composers, together many new pieces from the German.

INSTRUCTION BOOKS FOR THE PIANO, Melodeon Accordeon, Violin, Banjo, Guitar, Concertina, Drum Fife and Flageolet.

Huntingdon, Jan. 24, 1865-tf.

BLANKS! BLANKS! BLANKS!

CONSTABLE'S SALES,	ATTACHT EXECUTIONS,
ATTACHMENTS,	EXECUTIONS,
SUMMONS,	DEEDS,
SUPŒNAS,	MORTGAGES,
SCHOOL ORDERS,	JUDGMENT NOTES,
LEASES FOR HOUSES,	NATURALIZATION B'KS,
COMMON BONDS,	JUDGMENT BONDS,
WARRANTS,	FEE BILLS,

NOTES, with a waiver of the $300 Law.
JUDGMENT NOTES, with a waiver of the $300 Law.
ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, with Teachers.
MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES, for Justices of the Peace and Ministers of the Gospel.
COMPLAINT, WARRANT, and COMMITMENT, in case of Assault and Battery, and Affray.
SCIRE FACIAS, to recover amount of Judgment.
COLLECTORS' RECEIPTS, for State, County, School, Borough and Township Taxes.

Printed on superior paper, and for sale at the Office of the HUNTINGDON GLOBE.

BLANKS, of every description, printed to order, neatly at short notice, and on good Paper.

WINDOW CURTAIN PAPERS,

A LARGE STOCK

AND

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

OF

Window Curtain Papers,

JUST RECEIVED

AT

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY.

E. O. & G. W. COLDER.

HAVING entered into co-partnership in the Alexandria Brewery, the public are informed that they will be prepared at all times to fill orders on the shortest notice.

Alexandria, Jan. 13, 1865-tf.

THE BEST EASTERN CHEESE
mh7'66 at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

CARPETING OF ALL KINDS
at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

SEGARS.—Best quality of Segars
mh7 at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

BROWN & BLEACHED MUSLINS,
Ticking, Linseys, Checks, bleached and brown cotton Flannels, miner's Plaid, Wool Flannels, &c., &c., at
S. E. HENRY & CO'S.

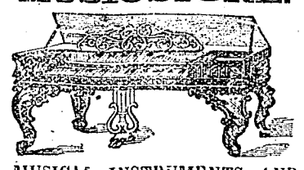
BUSINESS MEN, TAKE NOTICE!

If you want your card neatly printed on envelopes, call at

LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

CALL at D. P. GWIN'S if you want GOOD GOODS.

MUSIC STORE.



MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND SEWING MACHINES.

B. M. GREENE has just opened his Music Store, one door west of W Lewis' Book Store, where he keeps constantly on hand STEINWAY & SONS' and GABRIEL'S Piano Manufacturing Company's PIANOS, MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS and CARHART, NEEDHAM & CO.S' MELODEONS; Guitars, Violins, Fifes, Flutes; Guitar and Violin Strings.

MUSIC BOOKS—Golden Chain, Golden Shower, Golden Censer, Golden Trio, &c., &c.

SHEET MUSIC.—He is constantly receiving from Philadelphia all the latest music, which persons at a distance wishing, can order, and have sent them by mail.

Also GROVER & BAKER'S Celebrated SEWING MACHINES—the only machine that, in addition to every kind of sewing, embroiders perfectly; sewing Silk and Cotton of all kinds and colors for machines.

Persons buying Sewing Machines fully instructed in the use of them.

☞ Pianos and Organs Warranted for five years.

Those wishing to buy any of the above articles are invited to call and examine mine before purchasing elsewhere. My prices are the same as in New York and Philadelphia.

Circulars of Instruments or Machines, sent promptly upon application with any additional information desired.

B. M. GREENE,
Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.,
Second floor of Brown's Hardware building

The Old Foundry

STILL IN BLAST.

THE subscribers, thankful for the liberal share of patronage they have heretofore received by strict attention to business, hope to merit and still receive the same, take this method to inform their friends and everybody else, that they are prepared to make all kinds of IRON and BRASS CASTINGS made in a first class Foundry.

We have always on hand all kinds of Plough and Stove Castings, also wash Kettles, cellar-window Grates, coal hole castings for pavements, window weights of all sizes and weights, pipe joints, sled and sleigh soles, wagon boxes, machine castings for steam and water, grist, saw, sumac and plaster mills of all descriptions.

We are prepared to furnish Heaters and Iron Fences of the most improved style, oven doors and frames, door sills and in fact everything made in this line.

We have a very large stock of patterns and can furnish castings at short notice, and cheaper than they can be had in the county. Having a good drill we are prepared to do drilling and fitting up of all kinds.

☞ Highest market price paid for old metal, brass, zinc, lead, &c.

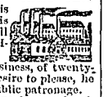
J. M. CUNNINGHAM & SON.

Office on Railroad street, one door west of the Exchange Hotel, Huntingdon, Pa. dec27,65

WEST HUNTINGDON FOUNDRY,

Near Fishers' Mill, Huntingdon, Pa.

THE undersigned would take this method to inform the public that his New Foundry is now in blast, and he is prepared to receive and fill orders for all kinds of CASTINGS, PLOWS, THRESHING MACHINES, &c., &c.



Being a practical mechanic at the business, of twenty-three years experience, and having a desire to please, he hopes to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

Sled and sleigh Soles, and other castings, kept on hand.

☞ Old metal, brass and copper taken in exchange for work.

JAMES SIMPSON.

Huntingdon, December 13, 1865-6m.

NEW FIRM.

MARBLE YARD

J. M. GREENE & P. O. BEAVER

Having entered into partnership, inform the public that they are prepared to execute all styles of

Plain and ornamental Marble Work

Such as MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, also Building Work, as at low prices as any shop in the county.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Shop on MIFFLIN street, a few doors east of the Lutheran church feb14,1866-1y

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1866. THE 1866.

LARGEST AND BEST

STOCK OF

WALL PAPER

Ever Brought to Huntingdon,

Is now ready for inspection and sale,

AT

LEWIS'

Book, Stationery and Music Store.

NEW AND ELEGANT STYLES

AT

LOWER PRICES

Than the same article can be bought in Philadelphia or Pittsburg.

OUR STOCK

Consists of upwards of

One Hundred Different Styles

OF

Wall & Ceiling Paper & Bordering,

FOR

The Parlor, Sitting Room, Dining Room, Bed Room, Hall, Kitchen, Office, Store, Shop, &c., &c.

Call at the "Globe" Building,

and examine our stock and prices.

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Tables and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.

Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.

W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and workmanship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on the corner of Montgomery and Mifflin sts., Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. WILLIAMS.

Huntingdon, May 16 1855.

WANTED at S. E. HENRY & CO'S

15,000 bushels Wheat,
5,000 " Rye,
5,000 " Oats,
5,000 " Corn,
1,000 " Flaxseed,
1,000 " Cloverseed,
1,000 pounds Wool,

For which the highest cash price will be paid.

U. S.

REVENUE STAMPS

FOR SALE

AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

MUSIC

THE CYTHARA—The Presbyterian Psalmodist—The Shawm—The Jubilee—Hunton's and Berlini's enlarged and improved Instructors—Weiland's New and Improved Method for the Guitar—Leland's Accordeon, Violin and Flute Instructors—Winner's and Howe's Violin Instructors—Bellak's Melodeon Instructor—Burrowes' Piano-Forte Primer—do. Thorough-Base Primer—Howe's Drawing Room Dances—The Chorus Glee Book—Tara's Harp, for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

Philadelphia Advertisements.

GEARY! CLYMER!

We have photographs, large and small, of Geary and Clymer. Agents wanted to sell them. Send 75 cents for specimen copies by mail, postage paid. Address

my3-2m BARTLESON & CO., 611 Chestnut st., Phila.

THOMAS M. KERR, General Partner. WILLIAM CARR, Special Partner

THOMAS M. KERR,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

NO. 143 MARKET STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

Country produce sold on commission. ap25-1y

HENRY HARPER,

520 ARCH ST., PHILADELPHIA.

WATCHES,

FINE GOLD JEWELRY,

SOLID SILVER WARE,

and superior SILVER PLATED WARE at reduced prices. mch21,1866-3m

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JAMES H. ELDREDGE. GEO. P. ELDREDGE.

ELDREDGE & BRO.,

Publishers, Stationers, Booksellers,

No. 17 and 19 South Sixth Street,

(Above Chestnut,) PHILADELPHIA.

Particular attention paid to the country trade.

Always on hand a large supply of Letter, Cap, Note Bill, and Wrapping Paper; Envelopes; School and Miscellaneous Books; Pens, Ink, Slates, Mucilage, Photograph Albums, Paper Bags, &c., &c., &c.

Liberal terms to cash customers. aug28,'65-1y

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!!

JOSEPH L. POULTON,

Strawberry Alley, near Third Street,

HARRISBURG,

Respectfully informs the public that he has opened for their use his new and elegantly fitted up Billiard Room. It contains

FOUR NEW TABLES OF SHARP'S MANUFACTURE,

superior to any now in the city.

This Billiard Room challenges comparison with any room in the State, west of Philadelphia.

MILLINERY & STRAW GOODS

J. W. CALVER & CO.,

HAVE OPENED and are receiving weekly a fine assortment of STRAW HATS, BONNETS, SILKS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, &c., &c., Wholesale and Retail.

JOHN W. CALVER & CO.,

No. 61 North Second street, below Arch,

mh21-2m PHILAD'A.

☞ Fancy and Straw MILLINERY. PATTERN BONNETS on hand.

INVENTORS' OFFICES.

D'EPINEUIL & EVANS,

Civil Engineers and Patent Solicitors,

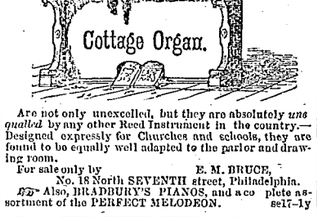
No. 435 Walnut St., Philada.

Patents solicited — Consultations on Engineering, Draughting and Sketches, Models and Machinery of all kinds made and skillfully attended to. Special attention given to REJECTED CASES and INTERFERENCES.—Authentic copies of all Documents from Patent Office procured.

N. B.—Save yourselves useless trouble and traveling expenses, as there is no actual need for personal interview with us. All business with these Offices, can be transacted in writing. For further information direct as above with stamp enclosed, for Circular with references.

January17, 1866-1y

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGANS,



Are not only unexcelled, but they are absolutely *unequalled* by any other Reed Instrument in the country.—Designed expressly for Churches and schools, they are found to be equally well adapted to the parlor and drawing room.

For sale only by E. M. BRUCE,

No. 18 North SEVENTH street, Philadelphia.

☞ Also, BRADBURY'S PIANOS, and a complete assortment of the PERFECT MELODEON. se17-1y

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628 HOOP SKIRTS. 628

HOPKIN'S "OWN MAKE."

MANUFACTURED AND SOLD WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

No. 628 ARCH ST., PHILADELPHIA.

The most complete assortment of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Hoop Skirts, in this city; gotten up expressly to meet the wants of first class trade; embracing the newest and most desirable styles and sizes of "Gore Trails" of every length—from 8¾ to 4 yards round—20 to 56 springs, at 2 to $5. Plain Skirts, all lengths, from 2¼ to 3 yards round the bottom, at $1 40 to $3 75.

Our line of Misses' and Children's Skirts are universally beyond all competition for variety of styles and sizes, as well as for finish and durability; varying from 8 to 33 inches in length, 6 to 45 springs at 35 cents to $2 25. All Skirts of "OUR OWN MAKE," are warranted to give satisfaction; but buy none as such unless they have "Hopkin's Hoop Skirt Manufactory, No. 628 Arch street," stamped on each Tab!

Also, constantly on hand, good skirts, manufactured in New York and the eastern States, which we sell at very low prices. A lot of cheap skirts—15 springs, 35 cents; 20 springs, $1; 35 springs, $1 15; 30 springs, $1 25 and 40 springs $1 50.

☞ Skirts made to order and repaired.

☞ Terms Cash. One price only. mh7-4m

E. REMINGTON & SONS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

REVOLVERS, RIFLES,

MUSKETS AND CARBINES,

For the United States service. A'so,

POCKET AND BELT REVOLVERS,

REPEATING PISTOLS,

RIFLE CANES REVOLVING RIFLES,

Rifle and Shot Gun Barrels, and Gun Materials sold by Gun Dealers and the trade generally.

In these days of Housebreaking and robbery, every house, store, bank, and office, should have one of

Remingtons' Revolvers.

Parties desiring to avail themselves of the late improvements in pistols, and superior workmanship and form, will find all combined in the new

REMINGTON REVOLVERS.

Circulars containing cuts and description of our arms will be furnished on application.

E. REMINGTON & SONS, Ilion, N. Y.
MOORE & NICHOLS, Agents,
ap1-6m No. 40 Courtlandt st., New York.

Pollock's Philadelphia Mercantile College.

ESTABLISHED IN 1840.

Incorporated by the Legislature of the State of Pennsylvania.

Located on the N. W. Corner of 7th and Chestnut sts. (701) (701)

Designed exclusively to impart a thorough and

PRACTICAL BUSINESS EDUCATION.

All classes of persons require such an education. Those possessing means, need it in conducting *their own* business Those without means need it in obtaining and creditably filling lucrative positions in the *employ of others.*

The course of instruction and practice is arranged so as to fully meet the diversified wants of every department of

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN TRADE,

as comprehended or embraced under the three general divisions of industry: Agriculture, Manufacture and Commerce.

Each student is instructed individually in both theory and practice of Book Keeping, according to the most approved and labor saving methods, Business Penmanship, Calculations, and all the collateral branches of a complete course of business education; and upon passing a satisfactory examination is awarded, by authority of law, a diploma, under the corporate seal of the college.

Students are received at any time. And it is believed that a practical experience of over TWENTY YEARS will be considered by the public an ample guarantee of the practical character of the course and efficiency of the instruction.

All further information desired can be obtained at the college, or by addressing the Principal for a circular by mail.

☞ A liberal discount is allowed to wounded and honorably discharged soldiers. The college is open day and evening.

P. H. POLLOCK, Att'y-at-Law,
jy12,1865 Principal.

$25 THE $25

UNION BUSINESS COLLEGE

HANDEL & HAYDN HALL,

Eighth and Spring Garden streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

THOMAS MAY PEIRCE, A. M.,

President and Consulting Accountant.

EXTRAORDINARY INDUCEMENTS.

Novel and Permanent Arrangement of Business College Terms,

From April 1st to October 1st, 1866,

AND SUCCEEDING YEARS.

LIFE SCHOLARSHIPS, including Bookkeeping, Business Correspondence, Forms and Customs, Commercial Arithmetic, Business Penmanship, Detecting Counterfeit Money, and Commercial Law,

TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS.

SCHOLARSHIPS, including the same subjects as above,

TIME LIMITED TO THREE MONTHS,

TWENTY DOLLARS.

Penmanship, three months, ... $ 7
Penmanship and Arithmetic, three months, ... 10

The saving of coal and gas in the summer months is an advantage of such importance as enables the management of this College to made a considerable reduction in the summer rates.

From October 1, 1866, to April 1, 1867,

And succeeding years, as before,

Life Scholarships, ... $35
Scholarships, three months, ... $25
Penmanship, three months, ... $10
Penmanship and Arithmetic, three months, ... $12

☞ Special terms for Clubs, soldiers, and for the sons of ministers and teachers.

Day and Evening Instruction for Both Sexes and all Ages,

In banking, storekeeping, bookkeeping, penmanship, pen drawing, phonography, arithmetic, mensuration, algebra, geometry, analytical geometry, the calculus, navigation, surveying, engineering, gauging, mining, mechanical drawing, commercial law, German, telegraphing, and the English branches, at moderate prices.

Endorsed by the public as the most successful business College of the country, as is evidenced by the fact, that

FOUR HUNDRED AND TWO STUDENTS

Have entered in the first six months of its existence.

PRINCIPALS OF DEPARTMENTS:

THOMAS MAY PEIRCE, A. M.,
GEORGE B. SNYDER, R. S. BARNES,
C. N. FARR, Jr., J. T. REYNOLDS,
HENRY KEIM, A. E. ROGERSON, A.M., C.E

Supported by an able corps of assistants.

Call or send for a Catalogue, College Currency, and Peirce's Practical Educator.

Office, No. 531 Nth. Eighth st.

may2-2m THOS. M. PEIRCE.

DISABLED MEN—ATTENTION.

WANTED—One or two men, for Huntingdon and vicinity, who have lost either an arm or a leg, to sell *Wadsworth's water proof Arnica healing Plaster, the best and cheapest* Court Plaster in the market. From $5 to $10 per day can be made. Address, with 25 cents for sample and full information, A. F. BELCHER, Box 45, Philadelphia. N. B.—All agents and soldiers would find it to their interest to answer the above. ap.18-3m

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$1,500 PER YEAR.—We want Agents everywhere to sell our IMPROVED $20 Sewing Machines. Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The only machines sold in the United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder.* All other cheap machines are *infringements* and the seller or user are *liable to arrest, fine and imprisonment.* Circulars free. Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, Biddeford, Maine; or Chicago, Ill. de30-1y

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LADIES, PLEASE NOTICE.

LADIES' NEEDLE CASKET, containing 100 best quality needles, imported by P. Hill, sent to any address on receipt of 50 cents. The Great American Puzzle will be given with every needle case.—Price 30 cents per set. Adamite Puzzle, 10 cents sent to any address. Hoop Skirts manufactured to order; store keepers send for price list PHILIP HILL, No. 259 Market street, Philadelphia. my23-1m.

WHO? WHO? WHO?

OUR NEXT GOVERNOR.

We have a correct and striking photograph of *the next* Governor of Pennsylvania, which we will send by mail for 25 cents. If we *mistake the man;* the money will be refunded immediately after election next October. Is it Geary or Clymer? Write and see. Address

my9-2m BARTLESON & CO., 611 CHESTNUT St., Phila.

TO ALL BOOK BUYERS.

JAS. K. SIMON, 33 south Sixth street, Philadelphia, is agent for the following valuable books:

Appleton's New American Cyclopedia—16 Vols.
" History of the Rebellion—1 large Vol.
" Dictionary of Mechanics—2 vols.
Rebellion Record, by Frank Moore—9 "
Washington Irving's Works, 22 "
Cooper's Novels. Dicken's Works.
Merivale & Gibbon's Rome.
Macauley's Works.
Ure's Dictionary of Arts and Manufactures.
Bancroft's United States—8 vols. &c., &c.

I furnish all books published, for public and private Libraries, at wholesale prices. Send a list of any books wanted, with a stamp, for prices, which will be sent by return mail. my23-3m

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AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE

To canvass for the great book of 1866,

"THE SOUTH!"

A tour of its battle fields and ruined cities; a journey through the desolated States, and talks with the people.

BY J. T. TROWBRIDGE.

From personal observations and experience during months of southern travel.

The author has had letters of introduction from men in high standing, to the head of all Government departments in the south, civil and military. Whatever is known by these men of the sufferings of the past, present condition of things, as well as plans for the future, will be made known in this book. The great popularity of the author, and intense interest in the subject, combine to make this by far the greatest selling book before the public, while our very liberal inducements present a rare chance for agents to make money.

For circulars and terms, address the

AMERICAN PUBLISHING AGENCY,
je6-1m* 702 Chestnut street, Philada.

PATENTS

PROCURED FOR INVENTIONS IN THE UNITED STATES AND EUROPE.

A personal interview with the inventor is desirable though not necessary, as the business can be conducted by correspondence. Circulars of information free on application.

EDWD. BROWN,
Engineer and Patent Agent,
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